NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT
JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

# NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

PWCR25000102

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, as well as the statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six months then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

#### Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Notes 4(3) and 6(6), the financial statements of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for using equity method were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets, including investments accounted for using equity method, of NT\$900,855 thousand and NT\$936, 328 thousand, constituting 15% and 14% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$340,493 thousand and NT\$284,686 thousand, constituting 12% and 8%

of the consolidated total liabilities as at June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and total comprehensive income (loss) of (NT\$14,710) thousand, (NT\$16,633) thousand, NT\$5,598 thousand and (NT\$42,588) thousand, constituting 16%, (116%), 2871% and (167%) of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three months and six months then ended, respectively.

### **Qualified Conclusion**

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries and investments accounted for using equity method been reviewed by independent auditors as described in the Basis for qualified conclusion section above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2025 and 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three months and six months then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six months then ended in accordance with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

For and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan August 6, 2025

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2025, DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND JUNE 30, 2024 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			June 30, 20		December 31, 2		June 30, 2024		
-	Assets	Notes	AMOUNT		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	
	Current assets								
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 1,102,972	19	\$ 1,485,845	22	\$ 1,617,438	25	
1136	Current financial assets at	6(5)							
	amortised cost		-	-	-	-	5,000	-	
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(2)	612	-	553	-	1,271	-	
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(2)	1,051,422	18	1,291,093	19	931,470	14	
1180	Accounts receivable - related	7							
	parties		33,510	-	28,963	-	11,960	-	
1200	Other receivables		52,839	1	68,253	1	60,177	1	
130X	Inventory	6(3)	1,424,823	24	1,581,273	24	1,616,531	25	
1410	Prepayments		75,623	1	64,277	1	79,836	1	
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>		3,741,801	63	4,520,257	67	4,323,683	66	
	Non-current assets								
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(4)							
	value through other comprehensiv	e							
	income		33,842	1	39,604	-	51,116	1	
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(5)							
	amortised cost		23,981	-	15,473	-	15,391	-	
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(6)							
	equity method		3,117	-	849	-	2,179	-	
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(7) and 8	1,375,957	23	1,391,232	21	1,377,346	21	
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(8)	292,819	5	319,661	5	353,008	5	
1760	Investment property - net	6(10) and 8	184,964	3	186,001	3	170,275	3	
1780	Intangible assets	6(11)	46,682	1	52,907	1	41,443	1	
1840	Deferred income tax assets		168,448	3	146,476	2	125,643	2	
1900	Other non-current assets	6(12)	62,944	1	59,487	1	66,954	1	
15XX	Total non-current assets		2,192,754	37	2,211,690	33	2,203,355	34	
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 5,934,555	100	\$ 6,731,947	100	\$ 6,527,038	100	
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# NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2025, DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND JUNE 30, 2024

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

						December 31, 2024			June 30, 2024		
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	%	A	MOUNT	<u>%</u>		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
	Current liabilities		_			_			_		
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(13) and 8	\$	993,000	17	\$	1,447,850	22	\$	1,334,600	21
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(14)		-	-		50,000	1		50,000	1
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(22)		115,266	2		120,351	2		163,373	3
2150	Notes payable	_		2	-		1,184	-		21,197	-
2170	Accounts payable	7		840,196	14		991,051	15		714,119	11
2200	Other payables	6(15)		397,705	7		360,169	5		530,661	8
2230	Current income tax liabilities			34,490	-		72,252	1		7,486	-
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(16)		36,428	1		29,845	-		29,037	-
2280	Current lease liabilities			77,544	1		76,644	1		76,356	1
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(17)									
	portion			808	-		1,439	-		-	-
2399	Other current liabilities, others			21,184			18,758			18,869	
21XX	Total current liabilities			2,516,623	42		3,169,543	47		2,945,698	45
	Non-current liabilities										
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(17) and 8		18,077	-		33,162	1		-	-
2550	Provisions for liabilities - non-	6(16)									
	current			5,413	-		9,170	-		7,868	-
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities			27,789	1		27,423	-		120,560	2
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			230,098	4		259,112	4		293,015	5
2600	Other non-current liabilities			2,318			2,616			2,222	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			283,695	5		331,483	5		423,665	7
2XXX	Total liabilities			2,800,318	47		3,501,026	52		3,369,363	52
	Equity attributable to owners of										
	parent										
	Share capital	6(19)									
3110	Common stock			1,412,265	24		1,412,265	21		1,412,265	22
	Capital surplus	6(20)									
3200	Capital surplus			375,545	6		375,545	5		368,397	5
	Retained earnings	6(21)									
3310	Legal reserve			454,898	8		446,207	7		446,207	7
3320	Special reserve			-	-		20,828	-		20,828	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			883,665	15		896,809	13		802,993	12
	Other equity interest										
3400	Other equity interest		(	38,098)(	1)		19,633	1		20,367	1
31XX	Equity attributable to owners										
	of parent			3,088,275	52		3,171,287	47		3,071,057	47
36XX	Non-controlling interest			45,962	1		59,634	1		86,618	1
3XXX	Total equity			3,134,237	53		3,230,921	48		3,157,675	48
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9									
	unrecognized contract commitments										
	Significant events after the balance	11									
	sheet date										
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	5,934,555	100	\$	6,731,947	100	\$	6,527,038	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

# NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings (loss) per share amount)

Three months ended Jur				ine 30		Six months ended June 30					
		_	2025 2024			2025 2024					
Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMO	UNT	%	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	%
Operating revenue	6(22) and 7	\$	1,483,745	100	\$ 1,1	61,066	100	\$ 3,133,501	100	\$ 2,325,844	100
Operating costs	6(3)(26)(27)										
	and 7	(_	1,096,099) (	74) (	(8	82,473) (	76) (	2,303,037)	(74) (	1,792,109) (	77)
Gross profit from operations		_	387,646	26	2	78,593	24	830,464	26	533,735	23
Operating expenses	6(26)(27)										
Selling expenses		(	169,448) (	11) (	( 1	73,107) (	15) (	340,086)	( 11)(	330,686) (	14)
Administrative expenses		(	42,190) (	3) (	(	40,457) (	4) (	84,413)	( 2)(	78,252) (	4)
Research and development											
expense		(	141,636) (	10) (	( 1	52,297)(	13) (	281,063)	( 9)(	298,663) (	13)
Impairment gain (expected	12(2)										
credit impairment loss)											
determined in accordance with											
IFRS 9		_	12,969	1 (	(	3,531)		6,617	(	7,610)	
Total operating expenses		(	340,305)(	23) (	(3	69,392)(	32) (	698,945)	( 22) (	715,211) (	31)
Operating profit (loss)		_	47,341	3 (	(	90,799)(	8)	131,519	4 (	181,476) (	8)
Non-operating income and											
expenses											
Interest income	6(23)		6,664	1		12,047	1	11,106	-	20,783	1
Other income	6(24)		12,801	1		27,181	2	17,277	1	80,596	4
Other gains and losses	6(25)	(	101,691)(	7)		7,023	1 (	81,766)	( 3)	28,855	1
Finance costs		(	8,894)(	1)(	(	11,266) (	1)(	17,910)	- (	23,132) (	1)
Share of profit (loss) of	6(6)										
associates and joint ventures											
accounted for under equity											
method		_	1,171	(	(	232)		2,510	_ (	1,298)	
Total non-operating income											
and expenses		(_	89,949)(	6)		34,753	3 (	68,783)	(2)	105,804	5
Profit (loss) before income tax		(	42,608) (	3) (	(	56,046)(	5)	62,736	2 (	75,672) (	3)
Income tax expense	6(28)		14,596	1		59,356	5 (	9,707)		57,912	2
Profit (loss) for the period		(\$	28,012)(	2)	\$	3,310		\$ 53,029	2 (	\$ 17,760) (	1)
	Operating revenue Operating costs  Gross profit from operations Operating expenses Selling expenses Administrative expenses Research and development expense Impairment gain (expected credit impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9 Total operating expenses Operating profit (loss) Non-operating income and expenses Interest income Other income Other gains and losses Finance costs Share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method Total non-operating income and expenses  Profit (loss) before income tax Income tax expense	Operating revenue 6(22) and 7 Operating costs 6(3)(26)(27)   and 7 Gross profit from operations Operating expenses 6(26)(27) Selling expenses Administrative expenses Research and development expense Impairment gain (expected 12(2) credit impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9 Total operating expenses Operating profit (loss) Non-operating income and expenses Interest income 6(23) Other income 6(24) Other gains and losses 6(25) Finance costs Share of profit (loss) of 6(6) associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method Total non-operating income tax Income tax expense 6(28)	Operating revenue 6(22) and 7 \$ Operating costs 6(3)(26)(27) and 7 ( Gross profit from operations Operating expenses 6(26)(27) Selling expenses ( Administrative expenses Research and development expense ( Impairment gain (expected 12(2) credit impairment loss) determined in accordance with IFRS 9 Total operating expenses Operating profit (loss) Non-operating income and expenses Interest income 6(23) Other income 6(24) Other gains and losses 6(25) ( Finance costs Share of profit (loss) of 6(6) associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity method Total non-operating income and expenses ( Profit (loss) before income tax Income tax expense 6(28)	Notes	Notes   Note	Notes	Notes	Notes	Items         CA025   MOUNT         2 (2024)         AMOUNT         3 (2024)         3 (202	Notes   Note	Rems

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# NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings (loss) per share amount)

			Three months ended June 30							Six months ended June 30				
				2025			2024			2025			2024	
	Items	Notes	A	MOUNT	<u>%</u>	AM	IOUNT	<u>%</u>	AN	MOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMC	UNT	<u>%</u>
	Other comprehensive income													
	Components of other													
	comprehensive income that will													
	not be reclassified to profit or													
	loss													
8311	Gains on remeasurements of													
	defined benefit plans		\$	-	-	\$	-	-	\$	2,347	-	\$	2,521	-
8316	Unrealized gain (loss) on	6(4)												
	financial assets measured at													
	fair value through other		,	10 (01)			1 060		,	5 5600			2 002	
02.40	comprehensive income		(	10,431)	-		1,860	-	(	5,762)	-		2,002	-
8349	Income tax related to													
	components of other													
	comprehensive income that													
	will not be reclassified to								,	4(0)				
0210	profit or loss		-				<del>-</del>		(	469)				
8310	Other comprehensive income (loss) that will not													
	* *													
	be reclassified to profit or loss		,	10,431)			1,860		,	3,884)			4,523	
			(	10,431)	<u> </u>		1,000	<u> </u>	(	3,004)	<u> </u>		4,323	
	Other comprehensive income													
	(loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss													
8361	Exchange differences on													
0301	translation of foreign financial													
	statements		,	56,418)	( 1)		9,204	1	,	48,950)	( 2)		38,814	2
8360	Other comprehensive		(	30,410)	(4)		9,204	1	(	40,930)	(	-	30,014	2
8300	income (loss) that will be													
	reclassified to profit or loss		(	56,418)	( 4)		9,204	1	(	48,950)	( 2)		38,814	2
8300	Total other comprehensive		\ <u></u>	30,410)	()		7,204		'	<del>10,750</del> )	()	-	30,014	
0300	income (loss) for the period		(\$	66,849)	( 4)	\$	11,064	1	(\$	52,834)	( <u>2</u> )	\$	43,337	2
9500			(ψ	00,047)	( <u> </u>	Ψ	11,004		( ψ	32,034)		Ψ	73,337	
8500	Total comprehensive income		<i>(</i>	04 961)	( 6)	ď	14 274	1	ф	105		ď	25 577	1
	(loss) for the period		( <u>\$</u>	94,861)	( <u>6</u> )	\$	14,374		\$	195		\$	25,577	
0610	Profit (loss) attributable to:		, φ	22 401)	. 2	ф	10 (10		ф		2	. ф	0 420	, 1,
8610	Owners of the parent		(\$	22,481)		\$	10,642	1	\$	57,577	2 (	, \$	9,430)	( 1)
8620	Non-controlling interest		(	5,531)	(		7,332) (	(1)		4,548)	(		8,330)	
			( <u>\$</u>	28,012)	(2)	\$	3,310		\$	53,029	2	\$	17,760)	(1)
	Comprehensive income (loss)													
0710	attributable to:			00.060			24 (42			. 50.			24 205	
8710	Owners of the parent		(\$	93,063)	( 6)	\$	21,612	2	\$	1,724	-	\$	34,285	1
8720	Non-controlling interest		(	1,798)	(	( <u> </u>	7,238) (	(1)		1,529)	(		8,708)	
			( <u>\$</u>	94,861)	(6)	\$	14,374	1	\$	195		\$	25,577	1
	Earnings (loss) per share (in													
	dollars)													
9750	Basic earnings (loss) per share	6(29)	( <u>\$</u>		0.16)	\$		0.08	\$		0.41	\$		0.07)
9850	Diluted earnings (loss) per	6(29)												
	share	·(=-)	(\$		0.16)	\$		0.08	\$		0.41 (	\$		0.07)
	2		·Ψ		0.10)	Ψ		5.00	Ψ		U. TI (	Ψ.		0.01

# NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent								_	
					Retained Earning	įs	Other Equ	uity Interest			
	Notes	Share capital - common stock	Capital surplus, additional paid- in capital	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Unrealized gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
Six months ended June 30, 2024											
Balance at January 1, 2024		\$1,412,265	\$ 366,535	\$ 428,308	\$ 30,188	\$ 987,913	\$ 1,594	( <u>\$ 22,421</u> )	\$3,204,382	\$ 109,450	\$3,313,832
Loss for the period		-	-	-	-	( 9,430)			( 9,430)	( 8,330)	( 17,760)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(4)	-	-	-	-	2,521	39,192	2,002	43,715	( 378)	43,337
Total comprehensive income (loss)			-		-	( 6,909)	39,192	2,002	34,285	( 8,708)	25,577
Appropriations of 2023 earnings	6(21)			· <u> </u>							<u> </u>
Legal reserve		-	-	17,899	-	( 17,899)	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve		-	-	-	( 9,360)	9,360	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	( 169,472)	-	-	( 169,472)	-	( 169,472)
Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		-	1,862	-	-	-	-	-	1,862	3,538	5,400
Change in non-controlling interests										(17,662)	(17,662)
Balance at June 30, 2024		\$1,412,265	\$ 368,397	\$ 446,207	\$ 20,828	\$ 802,993	\$ 40,786	(\$ 20,419)	\$3,071,057	\$ 86,618	\$3,157,675
Six months ended June 30, 2025			·				·				·
Balance at January 1, 2025		\$1,412,265	\$ 375,545	\$ 446,207	\$ 20,828	\$ 896,809	\$ 47,615	(\$ 27,982)	\$3,171,287	\$ 59,634	\$3,230,921
Profit (loss) for the period		-	-	-	-	57,577	_	_	57,577	( 4,548)	53,029
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	6(4)	<u>-</u> _				1,878	(51,969)	(5,762)	(55,853)	3,019	(52,834_)
Total comprehensive income (loss)		-	-	-	-	59,455	( 51,969)	( 5,762)	1,724	( 1,529)	195
Appropriations of 2024 earnings	6(21)		·				·				·
Legal reserve		-	-	8,691	-	( 8,691)	-	-	-	-	-
Reversal of special reserve		-	-	-	( 20,828)	20,828	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	( 84,736)	-	-	( 84,736)	-	( 84,736)
Change in non-controlling interests										(12,143_)	(12,143_)
Balance at June 30, 2025		\$1,412,265	\$ 375,545	\$ 454,898	\$ -	\$ 883,665	(\$ 4,354)	(\$ 33,744)	\$3,088,275	\$ 45,962	\$3,134,237

# NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Six months ended June 30				
	Notes		2025		2024	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit (loss) before tax		\$	62,736	(\$	75,672)	
Adjustments		Ψ	02,730	(Ψ	13,012)	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Depreciation (including investment property)	6(25)(26)		37,995		47,856	
Depreciation (Right-of-use assets)	6(8)(26)		39,396		39,756	
Amortization	6(11)(26)		17,114		16,415	
(Impairment gain) expected credit loss	12(2)	(	6,617)		7,610	
Interest expense	( )		15,387		20,049	
Interest expense (lease liability)	6(8)		2,523		3,083	
Interest income	6(23)	(	11,106)	(	20,783)	
Overdue other payables transferred to other	6(24)		11,100 /		20,700,	
income	<b>,</b>		=	(	45,914)	
Dividend income	6(24)	(	6,536)	Ì	8,015)	
Share of (profit) loss of associates accounted for	6(6)		-,,	`	-,,	
under the equity method	· /	(	2,510)		1,298	
Gain on disposal and scrap of property, plant	6(25)	`	, ,		,	
and equipment	,	(	2)	(	410)	
Loss on disposal of investment	6(25)		-	·	101	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities						
Changes in operating assets						
Notes receivable		(	59)		1,294	
Accounts receivable			241,452	(	10,471)	
Accounts receivable - related parties			289		79	
Other receivables			12,713	(	2,986)	
Inventories			156,450		64,434	
Prepayments		(	11,346)		33,865	
Other non-current assets		(	224)		134	
Changes in operating liabilities						
Contract liabilities		(	5,085)		10,605	
Notes payable		(	1,182)		21,130	
Accounts payable		(	150,855)		153,561	
Other payables		(	58,837)	(	67,818)	
Provision			2,826	(	3,337)	
Other current liabilities			2,426		1,646	
Cash inflow generated from operations			336,948		187,510	
Interest received			11,025		15,332	
Dividends received			6,536		-	
Interest paid		(	17,845)	(	21,518)	
Income tax paid		(	67,842)	(	103,715)	
Net cash flows from operating activities			268,822		77,609	

(Continued)

# NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Six months end			nded Ju	ded June 30			
Notes		2025		2024			
	(\$	8,508)	\$	-			
6(30)	(	20,274)	(	23,433)			
		138		410			
6(11)	(	10,889)	(	6,728)			
	(	161)	(	4,729)			
		-		236,914			
	(	1,305)	(	96)			
	(	40,999)		202,338			
	(	454,850)	(	373,220)			
	(	50,000)		20,000			
	(	15,716)		-			
	(	298)		-			
	(	42,658)	(	42,381)			
				5,400			
	(	563,522)	(	390,201)			
	(	47,174)		30,093			
	(	382,873)	(	80,161)			
6(1)		1,485,845		1,697,599			
6(1)	\$	1,102,972	\$	1,617,438			
	6(30) 6(11)	(\$ 6(30) ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( ( (	Notes     2025       6(30)     (\$ 8,508)       138     (10,889)       (161)     (10,889)       (161)     (161)       (1305)     (40,999)       (454,850)     (50,000)       (15,716)     (298)       (42,658)     (42,658)       (47,174)     (382,873)       6(1)     1,485,845	(\$ 8,508) \$ 6(30) ( 20,274) (  138 6(11) ( 10,889) (			

# NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

#### 1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) in November 1992. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are engaged in the manufacture and sales of industrial personal computers and peripherals, agent of distribution, design of computer programs and computer software applications, etc. The shares of the Company have been traded on the Taipei Exchange since June 7, 2007.

## 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 6, 2025.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS®") Accounting Standards that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2025 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 21, 'Lack of exchangeability'	January 1, 2025

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2025 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Specific provisions of Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Amendments	January 1, 2026
to the classification and measurement of financial instruments'	
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Contracts referencing nature-	January 1, 2026
dependent electricity'	
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 –	January 1, 2023
comparative information'	
Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting Standards—Volume 11	January 1, 2026

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

Specific provisions of Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7, 'Amendments to the classification and measurement of financial instruments':

The amendments require an entity to update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). The entity shall disclose the fair value of each class of investment and is no longer required to disclose the fair value of each investment. In addition, the amendments require the entity to disclose the fair value gain or loss presented in other comprehensive income during the period, showing separately the fair value gain or loss related to investments derecognised during the reporting period and the fair value gain or loss related to investments held at the end of the reporting period; and any transfers of the cumulative gain or loss within equity during the reporting period related to the investments derecognised during that reporting period.

#### (3) IFRS Accounting Standards issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRS Accounting Standards as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements' IFRS 19, 'Subsidiaries without public accountability: disclosures'	Standards Board January 1, 2027 January 1, 2027

Except for the following, the above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements'

IFRS 18, 'Presentation and disclosure in financial statements' replaces IAS 1. The standard introduces a defined structure of the statement of profit or loss, disclosure requirements related to management-defined performance measures, and enhanced principles on aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and notes.

#### 4. <u>SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
  - (a) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
  - (b) Defined benefit asset recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC® Interpretations, and SIC® Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.

- (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
- (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
- (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

				_		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Main business activities	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	June 30, 2024	Footnote
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	Nex Computers, Inc.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Note 1
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	General investment	100	100	100	
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Notes 1 and 2
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	75.73	75.73	75.73	Note 1, 2 and 4

			ı	_		
Name of	Name of	Main business	June 30,	December	June 30,	_
investor	subsidiary	activities	2025	31, 2024	2024	Footnote
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	82.73	82.73	82.73	
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	AIOT CLOUD CORP.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Notes 1 and 2
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Notes 1 and 2
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	TMR Technologies Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	82.08	82.08	82.08	Notes 1 and 2
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Inc.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Notes 1 and 2
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Notes 1 and 2
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Notes 1 and 2
Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	Nexcom United System Service Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Notes 1 and 2
Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.		Sales of PCs and peripherals	80	80	80	Notes 1 and 2
Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.	Chongqing NEXRAY Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	53.24	53.24	75	Note 1, 2 and 3
Greenbase Technology Corp.	Nexcom Surveillance Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Notes 1 and 2
Greenbase Technology Corp.	DIVIOTEC INC.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	100	Note 1

- Note 1: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2025 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- Note 2: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2024 were not reviewed by the independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- Note 3: In July 2024, the Company's subsidiary, Chongqing NEXRAY Technology Co., Ltd., increased its cash capital. The investment amount was \$9,090 (RMB 2,000). The Company did not acquire new shares proportionately to its ownership percentage and the shareholding ratio was 53.24% after the capital increase.
- Note 4: The shareholders of the Company's subsidiary, Greenbase Technology Corp. (Greenbase), at their meeting on June 25, 2025 resolved to appropriate cash dividends of \$50,032 for 2024. As of June 30, 2025, the dividends have not yet been distributed. Thus, the Company's receivables from cash dividends due from the subsidiary, Greenbase, amounted to \$37,889 and the remaining amount represented the dividends of the minority shareholders.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in "New Taiwan Dollars", which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.

- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets that are held primarily for the purpose of trading;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities that are held primarily for the purpose of trading;
  - (c) Liabilities that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period;

(d) It does not have the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability at least twelve months after the reporting period.

#### (6) Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:

The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognized as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

#### (8) Financial assets at amortized cost

- A. Financial assets at amortized cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
  - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortized cost are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.
- D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (9) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (10) <u>Impairment of financial assets</u>

For financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

### (11) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

#### (12) <u>Leasing arrangements (lessor) — operating leases</u>

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (13) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

#### (14) Investments accounted for using equity method

- A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognized at cost.
- B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognize further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligation or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognizes the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.

- D. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.

#### (15) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	$5 \sim 50$ years
Machinery and equipment	$1 \sim 10 \text{ years}$
Office equipment	$1 \sim 10 \text{ years}$
Leasehold improvements	$1 \sim 10 \text{ years}$
Transportation equipment	$2 \sim 5 \text{ years}$

#### (16) Leasing arrangements (lessee) — right-of-use assets / lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the Group's incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability. The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

#### (17) <u>Investment property</u>

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 20 to 50 years.

#### (18) <u>Intangible assets</u>

- A. Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.
- B. Intangible assets are computer software and patent stated at historical cost and amortised over their estimated useful lives of 1 to 10 years.

#### (19) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

#### (20) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term, short-term bank borrowings and other short-term borrowings. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

#### (21) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (22) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (23) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (24) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties) are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date.

#### (25) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Past service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss.
- iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

  Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognized as expense and liability,
  provided that such recognition is required under legal constructive obligation and those amounts
  can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently

actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

#### (26) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognized based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognizes the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognized in profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

#### (27) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Group's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Group's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

#### (28) Revenue recognition

#### A. Sales of goods

- (a) The Group researches and develops, manufactures and sells industrial personal computers. Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b) Sales revenue arising from industrial personal computers is recognized based on the price that is made from negotiating with customers based on purchased volume and items. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit terms that are the same with the general commercial transactions, which is consistent with market practice.
- (c) The Group's obligation to provide a maintenance service for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognized as a provision.
- (d) A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### B. Service revenue

Service revenue arises from extended warranty and maintenance service. Revenue from delivering services is recognized based on the progress of the services to be provided when the outcome of services provided can be estimated reliably.

#### C. Construction contract revenue

The Group provides intelligent manufacturing solution engineering business, and the contract includes equipment sales and installation services. The equipment and the installation services provided by the Group are not distinct and are identified to be one performance obligation satisfied over time since equipment the installation services provided by Group involve significant customization and modification. The Group recognizes revenue on the basis of costs incurred relative to the total expected costs of that performance obligation or recognizes revenue on the basis of measurement on the value of the goods or services transferred to the customers so far. If the Group has recognized revenue, but not issued a bill, then the entitlement to consideration is recognized as a contract asset. The contract asset is transferred to accounts receivable when the entitlement to payment becomes unconditional. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognized.

The Group's estimate about revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management become aware of the changes in circumstances.

#### (29) Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

#### (30) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

## 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

### (1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value at balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of June 30, 2025, the carrying amount of inventories is described in Note 6(3).

#### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (1) <u>Cash</u>

	June 30,		December 31, 2024			June 30, 2024		
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	1,514	\$	1,472	\$	1,395		
Checking accounts and								
demand deposits		1,101,458		1,104,067		950,818		
Time deposits				380,306		665,225		
	\$	1,102,972	\$	1,485,845	\$	1,617,438		

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. Details of the Company's cash pledged to others as collateral for the purpose of guarantee for the bank's borrowing facility, customs guarantee deposits and performance guarantees, shown as 'current financial assets at amortised cost' and 'non-current financial assets at amortised cost', are provided in Notes 6(5) and 8.

#### (2) Notes and accounts receivable

	Ju	June 30, 2025		mber 31, 2024	June 30, 2024		
Notes receivable	\$	\$ 612		\$ 553		1,271	
	Ju	ne 30, 2025	Dece	mber 31, 2024		June 30, 2024	
Accounts receivable	\$	1,129,948	\$	1,376,041	\$	992,961	
Less: Allowance for							
uncollectible accounts	(	78,526)	(	84,948)	(_	61,491)	
	\$	1,051,422	\$	1,291,093	\$	931,470	

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024		 June 30, 2024
Not past due	\$	945,291	\$	1,097,527	\$ 769,991
1 to 90 days		102,007		186,491	119,205
91 to 180 days		6,735		9,291	36,261
Over 181 days		75,915		82,732	 67,504
	\$	1,129,948	\$	1,376,041	\$ 992,961

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2024, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$986,085.
- C. As at June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$612, \$553 and \$1,271, and accounts receivable were \$1,051,422, \$1,291,093 and \$931,470, respectively.

## D. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

## (3) <u>Inventories</u>

		J	une 30, 2025		
	Cost				Book value
\$	914,166	(\$	207.347)	\$	706,819
*		(		•	282,160
	203,105	(	36,917)		166,188
	398,878	(	129,222)		269,656
\$	1,808,678	( <u>\$</u>	383,855)	\$	1,424,823
		Dec	ember 31, 2024		
		I	Allowance for		
	Cost		aluation loss		Book value
\$	1,034,097	(\$	202,500)	\$	831,597
	380,986	(	51,876)		329,110
	163,643	(	28,983)		134,660
	407,542	(	121,636)		285,906
\$	1,986,268	( <u>\$</u>	404,995)	\$	1,581,273
		J	une 30, 2024		
		I	Allowance for		
	Cost	1	aluation loss		Book value
\$	988,239	(\$	199,368)	\$	788,871
	417,272	(	51,406)		365,866
	,	(			142,717
	444,284	(	125,207)		319,077
\$	2,033,218	(\$	416,687)	\$	1,616,531
	\$	\$ 914,166 292,529 203,105 398,878 \$ 1,808,678 \$ 1,034,097 380,986 163,643 407,542 \$ 1,986,268 \$ 988,239 417,272 183,423 444,284	Cost \$ 914,166 (\$ 292,529 ( 203,105 ( 398,878 ( \$ 1,808,678 ( \$	\$ 914,166 (\$ 207,347) 292,529 ( 10,369) 203,105 ( 36,917) 398,878 ( 129,222) \$ 1,808,678 (\$ 383,855)  December 31, 2024  Allowance for valuation loss \$ 1,034,097 (\$ 202,500) 380,986 ( 51,876) 163,643 ( 28,983) 407,542 ( 121,636) \$ 1,986,268 (\$ 404,995)  June 30, 2024  Allowance for valuation loss \$ 988,239 (\$ 199,368) 417,272 ( 51,406) 183,423 ( 40,706) 444,284 ( 125,207)	Allowance for valuation loss

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the period:

	Three months ended June 30					
		2025		2024		
Cost of goods sold	\$	1,106,935	\$	813,226		
Loss from scrap inventory		644		-		
(Gain) loss on inventory valuation (Note 1)	(	23,249)		38,588		
Others (Note 2)		11,769		30,659		
	\$	1,096,099	\$	882,473		

		une 30,				
	2025			2024		
Cost of goods sold	\$	2,296,547	\$	1,661,645		
Loss from scrap inventory		655		27,178		
(Gain) loss on inventory valuation (Note 1)	(	16,924)		31,865		
Others (Note 2)		22,759		71,421		
	\$	2,303,037	\$	1,792,109		

Note 1: The Group reversed a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold as certain inventory items which were previously provided with allowance were subsequently sold for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025.

Note 2: Others include gain or loss on physical inventory, revenue from scrap and low capacity utilisation.

#### (4) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	June	30, 2025	Decem	ber 31, 2024	June	2024
Unlisted stocks	\$	70,857	\$	70,857	\$	74,757
Valuation adjustment	(	37,015)	(	31,253)	(	23,641)
	\$	33,842	\$	39,604	\$	51,116

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

	Three months ended June 30				
		2025		2024	
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income					
Fair value change recognized in other comprehensive income	(\$	10,431)	\$	1,860	
		une 30,			
		2025		2024	
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income Fair value change recognized in other					
comprehensive income	( <u>\$</u>	5,762)	\$	2,002	

- B. The Group has elected to classify financial assets that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$33,842, \$39,604 and \$51,116 as at June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024, respectively.
- C. Certain companies whose equity instruments are held by the Group reduced its capital in August 2024, and returned shares in the amount of \$3,900.
- D. As of June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024, no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were pledged to others.

#### (5) Financial assets at amortised cost

	June 30, 2025		December	31, 2024	June 30, 2024	
Current item:						
Pledged demand deposits	\$		\$		\$	5,000
Non-current item:						
Pledged time deposits	\$	23,981	\$	15,473	\$	15,391

A. Amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	Three months ended June 30,						
	2	2025		2024			
Interest income	\$	213	\$	30			
	S	Six months e	nded Jun	e 30,			
	2	2025		2024			
Interest income	<u>\$</u>	254	\$	135			

- B. Information relating to financial assets at amortised cost pledged as collateral is provided in Note 8.
- C. The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

## (6) Investments accounted for using equity method

#### A. Details are as follows:

	June 30, 2025						
	Percentage of ownership	Carrying amount					
Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd.	45%	\$ 3,117					
	December 31, 2024						
	Percentage of ownership	Carrying amount					
Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd.	45%	\$ 849					
	June 30, 2024						
	Percentage of ownership	Carrying amount					
Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd.	45%	\$ 2,179					

B. Amounts recognized in loss of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$1,171, (\$232), \$2,510 and (\$1,298), respectively.

C. The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below:

As of June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$3,117, \$849 and \$2,179, respectively.

	Three months ended June 30					
		2025	2024			
Profit (loss) from continuing operations	\$	1,171 (\$	232)			
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	1,171 (\$	232)			
	Six months ended June 30,					
		2025	2024			
Profit (loss) from continuing operations	\$	2,510 (\$	1,298)			
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	2,510 (\$	1,298)			

### (7) Property, plant and equipment

		Land		Buildings structures		Machinery d equipment	90	Office Juipment		Others		Total
At January 1, 2025	_	Land	and	Siructures	an	d equipment		шриси		Officis		Total
Cost	\$	859,190	\$	582,330	\$	736,323	\$	76,481	\$	165,448	\$2	,419,772
Accumulated												
depreciation		_	(	202,761)	(	629,654)	(	66,433)	(	129,692)	(_1	,028,540)
	\$	859,190	\$	379,569	\$	106,669	\$	10,048	\$	35,756	\$1	,391,232
<u>2025</u>												
At January 1	\$	859,190	\$	379,569	\$	106,669	\$	10,048	\$	35,756	\$1	,391,232
Additions		-		-		14,514		5,519		2,193		22,226
Disposal		-		-	(	132)	(	4)		-	(	136)
Transfers		-		-		581		-		-		581
Depreciation		-	(	4,875)	(	21,958)	(	2,922)	(	7,203)	(	36,958)
Net exchange differences				<u>-</u>	(	672)	(	140)	(	176)	(	988)
At June 30	\$	859,190	\$	374,694	\$	99,002	\$	12,501	\$	30,570	\$1	,375,957
At June 30, 2025												
Cost	\$	859,190	\$	582,330	\$	749,236	\$	78,908	\$	166,305	\$2	,435,969
Accumulated depreciation	_		(	207,636)	(	650,234)	(	66,407)	(	135,735)	( <u>1</u>	,060,012)
	\$	859,190	\$	374,694	\$	99,002	\$	12,501	\$	30,570	\$ 1	,375,957

			B	uildings	N	<b>Machinery</b>		Office				
		Land	and	structures	and	l equipment	eq	uipment	_	Others		Total
At January 1, 2024												
Cost	\$	839,249	\$	567,495	\$	720,138	\$	71,581	\$	162,967	\$	2,361,430
Accumulated			(	102 201)	(	502 000)	,	(0.0( <b>5</b> )	,	122 227) /	,	060 561)
depreciation	_	-	(	193,381)	`	583,988)	_	60,965)	(_	122,227) (	_	960,561)
	\$	839,249	<u>\$</u>	374,114	\$	136,150	\$	10,616	\$	40,740	\$	1,400,869
<u>2024</u>												
At January 1	\$	839,249	\$	374,114	\$	136,150	\$	10,616	\$	40,740	\$	1,400,869
Additions		-		-		10,900		3,842		5,841		20,583
Transfers		-		-		2,646		-		-		2,646
Depreciation		-	(	4,628)	(	29,355)	(	2,681)	(	10,432) (		47,096)
Net exchange												
differences						157		138		49		344
At June 30	\$	839,249	\$	369,486	\$	120,498	\$	11,915	\$	36,198	\$	1,377,346
At June 30, 2024												
Cost	\$	839,249	\$	567,495	\$	728,605	\$	75,910	\$	165,182	\$	2,376,441
Accumulated				100.000	,	(00.107)	,	(2.005)	,	120.004	,	000 005
depreciation			(	198,009)	(	608,107)	(	63,995)	(	128,984) (		999,095)
	\$	839,249	\$	369,486	\$	120,498	\$	11,915	\$	36,198	\$	1,377,346

Refer to Note 8 for the pledged property, plant and equipment.

#### (8) <u>Leasing arrangements - lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods from 2017 to 2031. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	-	30, 2025 g amount	Carryin	r 31, 2024 g amount	Carryi	30, 2024 ng amount
Buildings	\$	292,819	\$	319,661	\$	353,008
		_	Thre	e months e	ended Jun	e 30,
		_	202	5	2	024
		<u>I</u>	Depreciatio	n charge	Deprecia	tion charge
Buildings		9	\$	19,713	\$	19,820
		_	Six	Six months ended June 30,		
		_	202	5	2	024
		<u>I</u>	Depreciatio	n charge	Deprecia	tion charge
Buildings		<u>\$</u>	\$	39,396	\$	39,756

- C. For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$14,712 and \$11,858, respectively.
- D. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,				
			2024		
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	1,213	\$	1,513	
Expense on short-term lease contracts	<u>\$</u>	3,012	\$	2,434	
		ne 30,			
		2025	2024		
Items affecting profit or loss					
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	2,523	\$	3,083	
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	5,418	\$	4,725	

E. For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$50,599 and \$50,189, respectively.

#### (9) Leasing arrangements - lessor

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings and structures. Rental contracts are typically made for periods from 3 to 10 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.
- B. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Group recognized rent income in the amounts of \$3,058, \$2,642, \$6,137 and \$5,804, respectively, based on the operating lease agreement, which does not include variable lease payments.
- C. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	June	2025	Decem	ber 31, 2024	June 30, 2024		
2024	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,922	
2025		7,812		9,660		9,027	
2026		9,210		9,149		8,549	
2027~		11,389		13,245		12,195	
	\$	28,411	\$	32,054	\$	34,693	

## (10) Investment property

			В	Buildings		
		Land	and	structures		Total
At January 1, 2025						
Cost	\$	128,902	\$	114,137	\$	243,039
Accumulated depreciation			(	57,038)	(	57,038)
	\$	128,902	\$	57,099	\$	186,001
<u>2025</u>						
At January 1	\$	128,902	\$	57,099	\$	186,001
Depreciation			(	1,037)	(	1,037)
At June 30	\$	128,902	\$	56,062	\$	184,964
At June 30, 2025						
Cost	\$	128,902	\$	114,137	\$	243,039
Accumulated depreciation		-	(	58,075)	(	58,075)
	\$	128,902	\$	56,062	\$	184,964
			P	Buildings		
		Land		structures		Total
At January 1, 2024		Lana	una	<u>stractares</u>	-	10111
Cost	\$	128,902	\$	97,512	\$	226,414
Accumulated depreciation		_	(	55,379)	(	55,379)
1	Φ.	120.002	Φ.	-		
	\$	128,902	\$	42,133	\$	171,035
2024						
At January 1	\$	128,902	\$	42,133	\$	171,035
	\$	128,902	\$ (	42,133 760)		171,035 760)
At January 1	\$ 	128,902 - 128,902	\$ (\$	· ·		*
At January 1 Depreciation At June 30	· 	<u> </u>	(	760)	\$ (	760)
At January 1 Depreciation	· 	<u> </u>	(	760)	\$ (	760)
At January 1 Depreciation At June 30 At June 30, 2024	\$	128,902	<u>\$</u>	760) 41,373	\$ ( <u>\$</u>	760) 170,275
At January 1 Depreciation At June 30 At June 30, 2024 Cost	\$	128,902	<u>\$</u>	760) 41,373 97,512	\$ ( <u>\$</u>	760) 170,275 226,414

A. The Group leased land and buildings at Sanchong Dist. and Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City to other companies as factories or offices until February 2030. The Group received the rental payment monthly.

B. Refer to Note 8 for the pledged investment property.

C. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	Three months ended June 30,					
		2025		2024		
Rental income from investment property	\$	2,887	\$	2,698		
Direct operating expenses arising from						
the investment property that generated						
rental income during the period	\$	689	\$	549		
	Six months ended June 30,					
		2025		2024		
Rental income from investment property	\$	5,754	\$	5,395		
Direct operating expenses arising from						
the investment property that generated						
rental income during the period	\$	1,377	\$	1,099		

D. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024 was \$481,650, \$491,226 and \$403,815, respectively, which was revalued based on market trading prices of similar property in the neighbouring areas. Valuations were categorized within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

#### (11) <u>Intangible assets</u>

	G	Goodwill		Software		Others		Total	
At January 1, 2025									
Cost	\$	2,167	\$	135,239	\$	9,275	\$	146,681	
Accumulated amortisation		_	(	85,898)	(	7,876)	(	93,774)	
	\$	2,167	\$	49,341	\$	1,399	\$	52,907	
<u>2025</u>		_						_	
At January 1	\$	2,167	\$	49,341	\$	1,399	\$	52,907	
Additions		-		9,609		1,280		10,889	
Amortisation charge			(	16,149)	(	965)	(	17,114)	
At June 30	\$	2,167	\$	42,801	\$	1,714	\$	46,682	
At June 30, 2025									
Cost	\$	2,167	\$	109,778	\$	6,687	\$	118,632	
Accumulated amortisation			(	66,977)	(	4,973)	(	71,950)	
	\$	2,167	\$	42,801	\$	1,714	\$	46,682	

	Goodwill			Software	Others		Total	
At January 1, 2024								
Cost	\$	2,167	\$	201,000	\$	13,570	\$	216,737
Accumulated amortisation		_	(	153,603)	(	12,004)	(	165,607)
	\$	2,167	\$	47,397	\$	1,566	\$	51,130
<u>2024</u>								
At January 1	\$	2,167	\$	47,397	\$	1,566	\$	51,130
Additions		-		5,181		1,547		6,728
Amortisation charge			(	15,301)	(	1,114)	(	16,415)
At June 30	\$	2,167	\$	37,277	\$	1,999	\$	41,443
At June 30, 2024								
Cost	\$	2,167	\$	108,131	\$	8,682	\$	118,980
Accumulated amortisation		_	(	70,854)	(	6,683)	(	77,537)
	\$	2,167	\$	37,277	\$	1,999	\$	41,443

Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

_		Three months ended June 30,			
			2025	2024	
Operating costs		\$	2,252	\$	2,210
Selling expenses			1,012		1,725
Administrative expenses			2,633		1,574
Research and development expenses			2,230		2,745
		\$	8,127	\$	8,254
			Six months en	nded	June 30,
			2025		2024
Operating costs		\$	4,367	\$	4,192
Selling expenses			2,245		3,410
Administrative expenses			5,484		3,424
Research and development expenses			5,018	-	5,389
		\$	17,114	\$	16,415
(12) Other non-current assets					
	June 30, 2025	Dec	ember 31, 2024		June 30, 2024
Refundable deposits	\$ 30,367	\$	30,206	\$	35,604
Net defined benefit assets	29,985		27,637		27,637
Prepayments for equipment	1,734		1,010		2,777
Others	 858		634		936
	\$ 62,944	\$	59,487	\$	66,954

# (13) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Ju:	ne 30, 2025	Interest rate range
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$	803,000	$1.95\% \sim 6.03\%$
Secured borrowings		190,000	1.95%
	\$	993,000	
Type of borrowings	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Interest rate range
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$	1,032,280	1.90%~6.10%
Secured borrowings		415,570	1.83%~5.80%
	\$	1,447,850	
Type of borrowings	Ju:	ne 30, 2024	Interest rate range
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$	757,450	$1.92\% \sim 6.59\%$
Secured borrowings		577,150	1.93%~1.96%
_	\$	1,334,600	

Details of collateral for short-term borrowings are provided in Note 8.

# (14) Short-term notes and bills payable

	June 30, 2025		Dec	ember 31, 2024	June 30, 2024	
Commercial paper	\$	_	\$	50,000	\$	50,000
Interest rate		-		2.02%		2.07%
(15) Other payables						
		June 30, 2025	Dec	ember 31, 2024		June 30, 2024
Accrued salaries and bonus	\$	175,970	\$	220,327	\$	209,561
Dividends payable		84,736		-		169,472
Labour and health insurance						
payable		24,874		22,470		23,797
Pension cost payable		12,095		11,792		12,105
Processing fees payable		4,663		2,662		-
Payable on machinery and						
equipment		2,251		299		-
Others		93,116		102,619		115,726
	\$	397,705	\$	360,169	\$	530,661

## (16) Provisions

				2025	2024		
At January 1			\$	39,015	\$	40,242	
Additional provisions				18,583		17,233	
Used during the period			(	15,757)	(	20,570)	
At June 30			\$	41,841	\$	36,905	
Analysis of total provisions:							
	June	2025	Decem	ber 31, 2024	Jun	e 30, 2024	
Current	\$	36,428	\$	29,845	\$	29,037	
Non-current	\$	5,413	\$	9,170	\$	7,868	

The Group's warranty provisions were associated with the sales of industrial personal computer products, and were estimated in accordance with the historical warranty data of products.

#### (17) Long-term borrowings

	Borrowing period			
Type of borrowings	and repayment term	Interest rate		June 30, 2025
Long-term bank loans	From 10/5/2024 to			
	9/5/2044; interest is			
	payable monthly	2.05%	\$	18,885
Less: Long-term				
borrowings-current				
portion			(	808)
			\$	18,077
Towns of Language	Borrowing period	T., 4 4 4 .		D
Type of borrowings	and repayment term	Interest rate		December 31, 2024
Long-term bank loans	From 10/5/2024 to 9/5/2044; interest is payable monthly	2.05%	\$	34,601
Less: Long-term				
borrowings-current				
portion			(	1,439)
			\$	33,162

Details of collateral for long-term borrowings are provided in Note 8. As of June 30, 2024: None.

#### (18) Pensions

- A. (a) The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 4% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contribution for the deficit by next March.
  - (b) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company and domestic subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company and domestic subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value percentage of plan assets for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilisation Report announced by the government.
  - (c) The actuarial report showed that the Group had contributed sufficient pension funds. Thus, the Group discontinued contributing to the labor pension reserve funds temporarily from June 2021 to May 2022 in accordance with Labor Affairs Department, New Taipei City Government Letter No.1101223971.

- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
  - (b) The Group's overseas subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the local pension regulations are based on a certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
  - (c) The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$12,164, \$12,160, \$24,189 and \$24,195, respectively.

#### (19) Share capital

As of June 30, 2025, the Company's authorized capital was \$1,800,000 (including 15,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,412,265, consisting of 141,226 thousand shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

#### (20) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

		2025	
			Changes in
			subsidiaries
			accounted
	Share	Treasury share	for using
	<u>premium</u>	transactions	equity method
At January 1	\$ 360,755	\$ 2,880	\$ 11,910
(At June 30)	<u> </u>	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	·

2024 Changes in subsidiaries accounted Share Treasury share for using premium transactions equity method At January 1 \$ 360,755 \$ 2,880 \$ 2,900 Changes in ownership 1,862 interests in subsidiaries

\$

2,880

4,762

#### (21) Retained earnings

At June 30

A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings (after appropriation of no less than 1% as employees' compensation and no more than 1% as directors' remuneration), if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve unless the legal reserve equals the total authorized capital. In addition, special reserve that has been appropriated or reversed in accordance with related regulations along with the beginning unappropriated retained earnings can be distributed as dividend provided that the appropriation is proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by shareholders during their meeting.

360,755

\$

- B. In order to meet future capital requirements and long-term financial plan, the Company takes into account the Company's business environment and growth stage. Every year, total distributed shareholders' dividends shall not be higher than 90% of the total earnings distributable, and cash dividends shall not be lower than 5% of total dividends. If the total dividends distributable is lower than \$0.5 (in dollars) per share, the above restriction on ratio shall not apply.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve for the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

E. The appropriations of 2024 and 2023 earnings as resolved by the shareholders on June 25, 2025 and June 19, 2024 are as follows:

	2024					2023					
			Div	vidends per share			Dividends per share				
		Amount	(in dollars)			Amount	(in dollars)				
Legal reserve	\$	8,691			\$	17,899					
Reversal of special reserve	(	20,828)			(	9,360)					
Cash dividends	`	84,736	\$	0.60		169,472	\$	1.20			

The information on distribution of earnings of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

F. For the information relating to employees' compensation and directors' remuneration, refer to Note 6(27).

#### (22) Operating revenue

A. The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time, as follows:

	Network and	IoT	Intelligent	Mobile			
Three months ended June 30,	Communication	Automation	Video	Computing	Intelligent		
2025	Solutions	Solutions	Surveillance	Solutions	Platform	Others	Total
Timing of revenue recognition	ı						
At a point in time	\$ 707,818	\$ 396,499	\$ 153,592	\$ 131,175	\$ 84,799	\$ 2,600	\$1,476,483
Over time		4,695	2,567				7,262
	\$ 707,818	\$ 401,194	\$ 156,159	\$ 131,175	\$ 84,799	\$ 2,600	\$1,483,745
	Network and	IoT	Intelligent	Mobile			
Three months ended June 30,	Communication	Automation	Video	Computing	Intelligent		
2024	Solutions	Solutions	Surveillance	Solutions	Platform	Others	Total
Timing of revenue recognition	1						
At a point in time	\$ 451,362	\$ 314,144	\$ 82,394	\$ 156,421	\$ 119,465	\$ 2,525	\$1,126,311
Over time		26,413	8,342				34,755
	\$ 451,362	\$ 340,557	\$ 90,736	\$ 156,421	\$ 119,465	\$ 2,525	\$1,161,066
	Network and	IoT	Intelligent	Mobile			
Six months ended June 30,	Communication	Automation	Video	Computing	Intelligent		
2025	Solutions	Solutions	Surveillance	Solutions	Platform	Others	Total
Timing of revenue recognition	1						
At a point in time	\$ 1,468,142	\$ 785,355	\$ 313,464	\$ 300,893	\$ 185,518	\$ 18,818	\$3,072,190
Over time		25,531	35,780				61,311
	\$ 1,468,142	\$ 810,886	\$ 349,244	\$ 300,893	\$ 185,518	\$ 18,818	\$3,133,501

Six months ended June 30,  2024  Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time  B. Contract liabilit	Communication Solutions Solutions Solutions Solutions Solution \$ 836,217 \$ 6	IoT comation lutions 673,799 89,140 762,939	Intelligent Video Surveillance  \$ 172,703	Mobile Computing Solutions  \$ 270,431	<u> </u>	Others  \$ 7,109	Total \$2,166,647 159,197 \$2,325,844			
	nas recognized the	followi	na revenue	related co	ontract liabili	ties:				
(a) The Group i	C		C							
	June 30, 2	2025 1	December 3	<u>81, 202</u> 4 _	June 30, 202	<u>4</u> Janua	ry 1, 2024			
Contract liabilities -Advance sales receipts \$ 115,266 \$ 120,351 \$ 163,373 \$ 152,768										
(b) Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period: Three months ended June 30,										
					Three months 2025		e 30, 024			
in the cont beginning	ognized that was in tract liability balanc of the period ales receipts			\$	3,153 Six months e	\$ ended June	26,751			
in the cont beginning	ognized that was in tract liability balanc of the period ales receipts			\$	53,563		76,974			
(23) Interest income										
				<u></u>	Three months 2025		e 30, 024			
Interest income fro	m bank deposits			\$	6,451		10,644			
Interest income fro amortised cost Other interest income	m financial assets n	neasure	ed at		213		30 1,373			
				\$	6,664	\$	12,047			

	Six months ended June 30,			
		2025		2024
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	10,852	\$	15,367
Interest income from financial assets measured at				
amortised cost		254		135
Other interest income				5,281
	\$	11,106	\$	20,783
(24) Other income				
		Three months	ended J	une 30,
		2025		2024
Dividend income	\$	6,536	\$	8,015
Rental revenue		3,058		2,642
Marketing allowance revenue		1,995		3,167
Government grants revenue		660		11,840
Others		552		1,517
	\$	12,801	\$	27,181
		Six months en	nded Ju	ne 30,
		2025		2024
Dividend income	\$	6,536	\$	8,015
Rental revenue		6,137		5,804
Marketing allowance revenue		2,650		3,167
Government grants revenue		860		15,857
Overdue other payables transferred to other income		-		45,914
Others		1,094		1,839
	\$	17,277	\$	80,596
(25) Other gains and losses				
		Three months	ended J	une 30,
		2025		2024
Net (loss) gain on foreign exchange	(\$	101,040)	\$	6,049
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		2		-
Investment property depreciation expense	(	519)	(	380)
Loss on disposals of investments		-	(	101)
Other (losses) gains	(	134)		1,455
	(\$	101,691)	\$	7,023

	Six months ended June 30,				
		2025	2024		
Net (loss) gain on foreign exchange	(\$	80,388) \$	27,861		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		2	410		
Investment property depreciation expense	(	1,037) (	760)		
Loss on disposals of investments		- (	101)		
Other (losses) gains	(	343)	1,445		
	(\$	81,766) \$	28,855		

# (26) Expenses by nature

		Three	months	ended June 30,	2025		
		cognized in rating costs		cognized in ting expenses		Total	
Employee benefit expense	\$	81,307	\$	244,301	\$	325,608	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets Depreciation charges on		14,962		4,751		19,713	
property, plant and equipment		5,594		12,990		18,584	
Amortisation charges on		-,		,			
intangible assets		2,252		5,875		8,127	
-	\$	104,115	\$	267,917	\$	372,032	
	Three months ended June 30, 2024						
		cognized in	Red	cognized in			
	Opc.	rating costs		_		Total	
Employee benefit expense	\$	rating costs 64,337		ting expenses	\$		
Employee benefit expense Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		64,337	opera	ting expenses 249,914	\$	314,251	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets Depreciation charges on			opera	ting expenses	\$		
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		64,337	opera	ting expenses 249,914	\$	314,251	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets Depreciation charges on property, plant and		64,337 14,785	opera	249,914 5,035	\$	314,251 19,820	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		64,337 14,785	opera	249,914 5,035	\$	314,251 19,820	

		Recognized in perating costs		cognized in ating expenses		Total	
Employee benefit expense	\$	164,748	\$	501,571	\$	666,319	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		30,035		9,361		39,396	
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		10,816		26,142		36,958	
Amortisation charges on		10,810		20,142		30,938	
intangible assets		4,367		12,747		17,114	
-	<u>\$</u>	209,966	\$	549,821	\$	759,787	
	Six months ended June 30, 2024						
		Recognized in perating costs		cognized in ating expenses		Total	
Employee benefit expense	\$	151,455	\$	502,870	\$	654,325	
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets		29,521		10,235		39,756	
Depreciation charges on property, plant and equipment		20,591		26,505		47,096	
Amortisation charges on				·		·	
intangible assets		4,192		12,223		16,415	
	\$	205,759	\$	551,833	\$	757,592	

# (27) Employee benefit expense

Three months ended June 30, 2025

		Recognized in		Recognized in		
	(	operating costs		operating expenses		Total
Wages and salaries	\$	67,693	\$	205,447	\$	273,140
Labour and health insurance fees		8,070		20,857		28,927
Pension costs		2,192		9,972		12,164
Other personnel expenses		3,352		8,025		11,377
	\$	81,307	\$	244,301	\$	325,608

		Three	months	ended June 30,	2024			
	Recognized in operating costs		Re	ecognized in				
			oper	ating expenses		Total		
Wages and salaries	\$	52,971	\$	211,529	\$	264,500		
Labour and health insurance fees		6,495		20,367		26,862		
Pension costs		2,093		10,067		12,160		
Other personnel expenses		2,778		7,951		10,729		
	\$	64,337	\$	249,914	\$	314,251		
		Six months ended June 30, 2025						
	Recognized in		Recognized in					
	(	operating costs	oper	ating expenses		Total		
Wages and salaries	\$	137,536	\$	424,160	\$	561,696		
Labour and health insurance fees		16,209		41,936		58,145		
Pension costs		4,352		19,837		24,189		
Other personnel expenses		6,651		15,638		22,289		
	\$	164,748	\$	501,571	\$	666,319		
		Six m	onths e	ended June 30, 2	2024			
	Recognized in		Recognized in					
	operating costs		operating expenses			Total		
Wages and salaries	\$	127,953	\$	424,825	\$	552,778		

A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of the current year's profit (profit before tax without provision for employees' compensation and directors' remuneration), if any, shall be accrued as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 1% for directors' remuneration. However, if the Company has accumulated deficit, earnings shall first be reserved to cover the deficit.

13,927

4,230

5,345

151,455

Labour and health insurance fees

Other personnel expenses

Pension costs

42,033

19,965

16,047

502,870

55,960

24,195

21,392

654,325

B. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025, employees' compensation was accrued at (\$448) and \$1,356, respectively; directors' remuneration was accrued at (\$175) and \$520, respectively. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company had loss before tax and therefore did not accrue employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses.

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration were estimated and accrued based on 1.26% and 0.48% of current profit before income tax, net of employees' compensation and directors' remuneration, respectively. The employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash.

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2024 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2024 financial statements.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

#### (28) Income tax

#### A. Income tax expense

Components of income tax expense:

	Three months ended June 30,				
		2025	2024		
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	9,506 \$	2,501		
Tax on undistributed earnings		715	599		
Prior year income tax over estimation	(	5,797) (	47,010)		
Total current tax		4,424 (	43,910)		
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences	(	19,020) (	15,446)		
Income tax gain	(\$	14,596) (\$	59,356)		
		Six months ended	June 30,		
		2025	2024		
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the period	\$	35,546 \$	8,339		
Tax on undistributed earnings		715	599		
Prior year income tax over estimation	(	4,479) (	47,010)		
Total current tax		31,782 (	38,072)		
Deferred tax:					
Origination and reversal of temporary					
differences	(	22,075) (	19,840)		
Income tax expense (gain)	\$	9,707 (\$	57,912)		

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2022 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority. Except for NexAIoT Co., Ltd., EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd., DIVIOTEC INC., AIOT CLOUD CORP. and TMR Technologies Co., Ltd. whose income tax returns through 2023 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority, the income tax returns of other Taiwan subsidiaries through 2022 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

# (29) Earnings (loss) per share

	Three months ended June 30, 2025				
		number of ordinary	Loss per		
	Amount after	shares outstanding	share		
	tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Basic loss per share					
Loss attributable to ordinary	(4) 00 101	111.00 €	(0.16)		
shareholders of the parent	(\$ 22,481)	141,226	(\$ 0.16)		
Diluted loss per share					
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	(\$ 22,481)	141,226	(\$ 0.16)		
shareholders of the parent	· <u> </u>	e months ended June 30			
		Weighted average	, 2021		
		number of ordinary	Earnings per		
	Amount after	shares outstanding	share		
	tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Basic earnings per share		(shares in thousands)	(III dollars)		
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$ 10,642	141,226	\$ 0.08		
Diluted earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary	\$ 10,642	141,226	\$ 0.08		
shareholders of the parent	<u>·                                      </u>		<u>·</u>		
	Six	months ended June 30,	2025		
		Weighted average			
		number of ordinary	Earnings per		
	Amount after	shares outstanding	share		
D :	tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)		
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 57,577	141,226	\$ 0.41		
Diluted earnings per share	Φ 31,311	141,220	<del>9</del> 0.41		
Assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares					
Employees' compensation	-	17			
Profit attributable to ordinary					
shareholders of the parent	\$ 57,577	141,243	\$ 0.41		

		Six r	nonths ended June	e 30,	2024	·
			age			
			number of ordin	ary	I	Loss per
	Amou	ınt after	shares outstand	ling		share
	t	ax	(shares in thousa	nds)	(in	dollars)
Basic loss per share						
Loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	(\$	9,430)	141,	226	( <u>\$</u>	0.07)
<u>Diluted loss per share</u> Loss attributable to ordinary  shareholders of the parent	( <u>\$</u>	9,430)	141,	<u>226</u>	( <u>\$</u>	0.07)
(30) Supplemental cash flow information						
A. Investing activities with partial cash paym	nents:					
			Six months en	nded	June	30.
			2025			)24
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	t	\$	22,226	\$		20,583
Add: Opening balance of payable on equip			299			3,104
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipr		(	2,251)	(		254)
Cash paid during the period		\$	20,274	\$		23,433
B. Financing activities with no cash flow effe	ects:					
B. I maneing activities with no easi now en	ous.		Six months en	nded	Iune	30
			2025	lucu		)24
Dividends		\$	84,736	\$		169,472
7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS						
(1) Names of related parties and relationship						
Names of related parties			Relationship v	vith t	he Gi	oup
Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd.			Asso			<u>r</u>
Chongqing She Mao Electronic Technology C	o., Ltd.		Other rela			
(2) Significant transactions with related parties						
A. Operating revenue						
			Three months	ende	d Jun	e 30,
			2025		20	024
Sales of goods:						
Associate		\$	17,764	\$		8,463
			Six months en	nded	June	30,
			2025		20	024
Sales of goods:						
Associate		<u>\$</u>	30,555	\$		8,873

Goods are sold based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties.

#### B. Purchases and processing fees

	T	Three months ended June 30,				
	2025			2024		
Purchases and processing fees:						
Associate	\$	5,163	\$	1,838		
Other related party		3,325				
	\$	8,488	\$	1,838		
		Six months en	nded Ju	ne 30,		
		2025		2024		
Purchases of goods:						
Associate	\$	7,775	\$	2,436		
Subsidiary of associate		8,963		_		
	\$	16,738	\$	2,436		

Goods are purchases and processing fees based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties.

#### C. Accounts receivable:

	June 30, 2025		December 31, 2024		June 30, 2024	
Accounts receivable:						
Associate	\$	60,445	\$	60,446	\$	47,212
Other related party		607		895		
		61,052		61,341		47,212
Less: Allowance for						
uncollectible accounts	(	27,542)	(	32,378)	(	35,252)
	\$	33,510	\$	28,963	\$	11,960

The receivables due from related parties had no collateral, were not pledged and do not bear interest.

## D. Accounts payable:

	June	30, 2025	Decemb	per 31, 2024	June	30, 2024
Accounts payable:						
Associate	\$	1,616	\$	132	\$	887
Other related party		2,804		7,280		_
	\$	4,420	\$	7,412	\$	887
Other payables:			·			
Associate	\$	158	\$	-	\$	-
Other related party		509		859		-
	\$	667	\$	859	\$	-
	\$	5,087	\$	8,271	\$	887

# E. Acquisition of property, plant and equipment:

	Three months ended June 30, 202	25 Three months ended June 30, 2024
Machinery and equipment:		
Other related party	\$	- \$ -
	Six months ended June 30, 2025	Six months ended June 30, 2024
Machinery and equipment:		
Other related party	\$ 1,971	- \$

# (3) Key management compensation

	 Three months	ended J	une 30,
	2025		2024
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 10,680	\$	10,386
Post-employment benefits	 425		445
	\$ 11,105	\$	10,831
	 Six months e	nded Ju	ne 30,
	 2025		2024
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 23,537	\$	19,725
Post-employment benefits	 849		846
	\$ 24,386	\$	20,571

## 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

			В	ook value		
Pledged asset	Jur	ne 30, 2025	Decei	mber 31, 2024	 June 30, 2024	Purpose
Current financial assets at amortised cost	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 5,000	Guarantee for credit line of short-term borrowings
Non-current financial assets at amortised cost		23,981		15,473	15,391	Guarantee for import duty and Performance guarantee and Guarantee for credit line of short-term borrowings
Property, plant and equipment -land and buildings and structures		1,233,833		1,238,759	1,208,735	Guarantee for credit line of long-term and short-term borrowings
Investment property -land and buildings						Guarantee for credit line of short-term
and structures		184,964		186,001	170,275	borrowings
	\$	1,442,778	\$	1,440,233	\$ 1,399,401	

# 9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT</u> <u>COMMITMENTS</u>

#### (1) Contingencies

The supplier, Chongqing Luntian Machinery Equipment Co., Ltd. (Chongqing Luntian), of the Company's second-tier subsidiary, NEXGOL Co., Ltd. (NEXGOL), filed a civil complaint against the Company's second-tier subsidiary, NEXGOL, in June 2025 to demand NEXGOL to repay the claim amounting to \$15,496 (RMB 3,788 thousand). The case is currently under litigation.

#### (2) Commitments

- A. The Group had issued and deposited certified checks amounting to \$2,760,000 and US\$17,000 thousand for the Group's short and long-term credit facilities and forward exchange contracts.
- B. The amount of endorsements and guarantees provided by the Group in order to assist its subsidiaries for the lease of warehouses and offices, enter into cooperative contracts, purchases of raw materials and financing loan are as follows:

June 30, 2025

December 31, 2024

	 Julie 30, 2023	December 31, 2024
Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	\$ 5,089	\$ 5,251
	(JPY 25,018 thousand)	(JPY 25,018 thousand)
EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	250,000	25,000
	(NTD 25,000 thousand)	(NTD 25,000 thousand)
NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	110,000	60,000
	(NTD 110,000 thousand)	(NTD 60,000 thousand)
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	120,000	
	(NTD 120,000 thousand)	
		June 30, 2024
Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.		\$ 5,046
		(JPY 25,018thousand)
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.		81,125
		(USD 2,500 thousand)
EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.		25,000
		(NTD 25,000 thousand)
NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.		60,000
		(NITD (0.000 d 1)
		(NTD 60,000 thousand)

#### 10. <u>SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS</u>

None.

#### 11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

In consideration of the operating demand, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to relocate the Sanmin Plant to Hwa Ya Technology Park and establish Hwa Ya Plant 2 on August 6, 2025. The contract of the existing Sanmin Plant will not be renewed upon maturity. The Company plans to lease plant from CMC Magnetics Corporation for a lease term of 10 years and 1 month. The Company expects to acquire right-of-use assets amounting to \$348,944 with reference to the market quotes and the appraisal report issued by the real estate valuer. The chairman is authorised to fully handle the related contract matters.

#### 12. OTHERS

#### (1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares to reduce debt.

#### (2) Financial instruments

#### A. Financial instruments by category

	J <sub>1</sub>	une 30, 2025	Dece	ember 31, 2024	 June 30, 2024
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Financial assets at fair value					
through other					
comprehensive income	\$	33,842	\$	39,604	\$ 51,116
Financial assets at amortised cost (Note)	\$	2,295,703	\$	2,920,386	\$ 2,678,311
cost (trote)	Jı	une 30, 2025	Dece	ember 31, 2024	June 30, 2024
Financial liabilities					
Financial liabilities at amortised cost (Note)	\$	2,252,106	\$	2,887,472	\$ 2,652,799
Lease liability	\$	307,642	\$	335,756	\$ 369,371

Note: For financial assets at amortised cost, including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortised cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and guarantee deposits paid, and financial liabilities at amortised cost, including short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings (including those maturing within one year or one business cycle) and guarantee deposits received, refer to the balance sheet for details.

#### B. Financial risk management policies

(a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

- (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's each operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
  - (a) Market risk

#### Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD, EUR, JPY and RMB. Exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.
- ii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Group's functional currency: NTD; subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, RMB and JPY). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

					Jui	ne 30, 2025				
		Foreign Currency					S	ensitivity	Anal	ysis
	(In	Amount thousands)	Exchange rate	В	ook value (NTD)	Degree of variation		Effect on ofit (loss)	com	Effect on other prehensive income
(Foreign currency:										
functional currency)										
Financial assets										
Monetary items										
USD: NTD	\$	38,028	29.30	\$ :	1,114,220	1%	\$	11,142	\$	-
RMB: NTD		70,099	4.09		286,775	1%		2,868		-
EUR: NTD		2,025	34.35		69,559	1%		696		-
USD: RMB		1,017	7.16		29,790	1%		298		-
USD: JPY		1,116	144.05		32,699	1%		327		-
Financial liabilities										
Monetary items										
USD: NTD	\$	26,411	29.30	\$	773,842	1%	\$	7,738	\$	-
USD: JPY		1,044	144.05		30,589	1%		306		-
EUR: NTD		1,165	34.35		40,018	1%		400		-
RMB: NTD		8,279	4.09		33,869	1%		339		-
USD: RMB		344	7.16		10,076	1%		101		-

December 31, 2024

					Decem	1001 31, 202	•			
		Foreign					G.		A 1	
		Currency						ensitivity		
	/-	Amount	Exchange	В	ook value	Degree of		ffect on		ect on other
	<u>(lr</u>	thousands)	rate		(NTD)	variation	pro	fit (loss)	compre	hensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency)										
Financial assets										
Monetary items										
USD: NTD	\$	46,557	32.79	\$	1,526,604	1%	\$	15,266	\$	-
RMB: NTD		77,473	4.48		347,079	1%		3,471		-
EUR: NTD		2,332	34.14		79,614	1%		796		-
USD: RMB		1,059	7.32		34,713	1%		347		-
USD: JPY		421	156.19		13,802	1%		138		-
Financial liabilities										
Monetary items										
USD: NTD	\$	27,373	32.79	\$	897,424	1%	\$	8,974	\$	-
USD: JPY		918	156.19		30,096	1%		301		-
EUR: NTD		1,740	34.14		59,404	1%		594		-
RMB: NTD		7,101	4.48		31,812	1%		318		-
USD: RMB		307	7.32		10,063	1%		101		-
					Jun	e 30, 2024				
		Foreign								
		Currency					S	Sensitivity	Analysis	5
		Amount	Exchange	Е	Book Value	Degree of	Е	ffect on	Eff	ect on other
		thousands)	Rate		(NTD)	variation		ofit (loss)		hensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency)									•	
Financial assets										
Monetary items										
USD: NTD	\$	30,870	32.45	\$	1,001,732	1%	\$	10,017	\$	_
RMB: NTD	Φ	69,189	4.45	Ψ	307,891	1%	Ψ	3,079	ψ	_
EUR: NTD		2,543	34.71		88,268			883		_
USD: RMB		1,104	7.30		35,814			358		_
USD: RIVIB USD: JPY		835	160.88		27,095			271		-
Financial liabilities		033	100.66		21,093	1 /0		2/1		_
Monetary items USD: NTD	\$	19,860	32.45	\$	644,457	1%	\$	6,445	\$	
USD: NTD USD: JPY	Φ	4,032	160.88	Φ	130,836		Φ	1,308	Φ	-
EUR: NTD		1,530	34.71		53,106			531		-
			34.71 4.45					368		-
RMB: NTD USD: RMB		8,276 810	7.30		36,828 26,277			263		-
		010	7.50		40,477	1 /0		203		-

Total exchange gain (loss), including realized and unrealized, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 amounted to (\$101,040), \$6,049, \$(\$80,388) and \$27,861, respectively.

#### Price risk

The Group invests in equity securities issued by the domestic and foreign companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit before income tax for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 would have increased/decreased by \$709 and \$748, as a result of other comprehensive income on equity investment classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income.

#### Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings and short-term notes and bills payable. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.
- ii. At June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024, if interest rates on borrowings had been 0.25% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, would have been \$1,265 and \$1,731 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.

#### (b) Credit risk

- i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost.
- ii. The Group manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- iii. The Group adopts the following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
  - (i) If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.

- (ii) The actual or expected significant changes of customer operating results.
- (iii) The existing or estimated adverse changes in operations, finance or economic circumstances that were expected to cause significant changes in the customer's ability to fulfil its debt obligation.
- iv. The Group adopts the assumption under IFRS 9, that is, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 180 days.
- v. The Group classifies customer's accounts receivable in accordance with customer's types. The Group applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss.
- vi. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
  - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
  - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
  - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
  - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vii. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. On June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024, the provision matrix is as follows:

	_In	dividual		Group								
					Uı	to 90 days	91 ~	- 180 days	Ove	r 180 days		
			No	t past due		past due	1	oast due	p	ast due		Total
At June 30, 2025				_				_		_		_
Expected loss rate				0.03%		0.03%	0.	04-50%	99	% <b>-</b> 100%		
Total book value	\$	88,896	\$	917,447	\$	102,007	\$	6,735	\$	75,915	\$	1,191,000
Loss allowance	\$	27,550	\$	952	\$	27	\$	1,935	\$	75,604	\$	106,068
	In	dividual			Group							
					Uı	to 90 days	91 ~	180 days	Ove	r 180 days		
			No	t past due		past due	1	oast due	p	ast due		Total
At December 31, 2024												
Expected loss rate				0.03%		0.03%	26	5%-50%	97	%-100%		
Total book value	\$	84,469	\$	1,081,271	\$	179,619	\$	9,291	\$	82,732	\$	1,437,382
Loss allowance	\$	32,384	\$	292	\$	37	\$	3,600	\$	81,013	\$	117,326

	In	dividual				Gre	oup				
				Up to 90 days 91 ~ 180 days Over 180 days							
			No	ot past due	_	past due		past due	1	oast due	 Total
At June 30, 2024											
Expected loss rate				0.03%		0.03%	0.0	3%-50%	92.3	9%-100%	
Total book value	\$	97,726	\$	764,044	\$	96,426	\$	14,473	\$	67,504	\$ 1,040,173
Loss allowance	\$	35,252	\$	196	\$	31	\$	6,723	\$	54,541	\$ 96,743

Individual: Subsidiaries and accounts receivable that were individually material and have defaulted were individually estimated for expected credit losses.

Group: Other customers.

viii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

		2025		2024
		Accounts receivable		Accounts receivable
At January 1	\$	117,326	\$	90,163
Provision for impairment		-		7,610
Reversal of provision for impairment	(	6,617)		-
Effect of foreign exchange	(	4,641)	(	1,030)
At June 30	\$	106,068	\$	96,743

#### (c) Liquidity risk

- i. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are used and invested properly. The Group chooses instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom.
- ii. The Group's non-derivative financial liabilities classified into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities.

Except for the following, the maturity dates of non-derivative financial liabilities comprising short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables and long-term borrowings expiring within one year are all less than 360 days as of June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024.

#### Non-derivative financial liabilities:

			В	etween 1	В	etween 2	Over
June 30, 2025	Less	than 1 year	ane	d 2 years	an	d 5 years	5 years
Long-term borrowings	\$	1,188	\$	1,192	\$	3,580	\$ 17,003
Lease liability	\$	82,562	\$	77,205	\$	138,963	\$ 20,810
			Ве	etween 1	В	etween 2	Over
December 31, 2024	Less	than 1 year		etween 1 d 2 years		etween 2 ad 5 years	Over 5 years
December 31, 2024 Long-term borrowings	Less \$	than 1 year 2,135					-

			Be	tween l	Ве	etween 2	Over
<u>June 30, 2024</u>	Less th	nan 1 year	and	12 years	and	d 5 years	 years
Lease liability	\$	81,329	\$	75,506	\$	168,947	\$ 56,483

iii. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

#### (3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
  - Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(11).
- C. The related information on financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at June 30, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:
  - On June 30, 2025, December 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income categorised within Level 3 amounted to \$33,842, \$39,604 and \$51,116, respectively.
- D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows:

  The valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income uses the most recent non-active market price, market comparable companies and the net assets value as their fair values (that is, Level 3).
- E. For the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, there was no transfer among each valuation level
- F. The following chart is the movements of Level 3 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

		2025		2024
	<u>Equity</u>	instruments	Equity	instruments
At January 1	\$	39,604	\$	49,114
Gains and losses recognized in other				
comprehensive income	(	5,762)	·	2,002
At June 30	\$	33,842	\$	51,116

G. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at June 30, 2025	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instruments:				
Unlisted shares	\$ 256	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Venture capital shares				
Private equity fund investment	33,586	Net asset value	N/A	N/A
	Fair value at December 31, 2024	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instruments:				
Unlisted shares	\$ 256	Market	Discount for	The higher the
		comparable companies	lack of marketability	discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Venture capital shares		•		lack of marketability, the lower the

	 Fair value at June 30, 2024	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Relationship of inputs to fair value
Non-derivative equity instruments:				
Unlisted shares	\$ 457	Market comparable companies	Discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the
Venture capital shares				
Private equity fund investment	50,659	Net asset value	N/A	N/A

H. The Group has carefully assessed the valuation models and assumptions used to measure fair value. However, use of different valuation models or assumptions may result in different measurement. The following is the effect on profit or loss or on other comprehensive income from financial assets and liabilities categorised within Level 3 if the inputs used to valuation models have changed:

				June	e 30, 2025	
			Reco	gnized in	Re	cognized in
			prof	it or loss	other comp	prehensive income
			Favorable	Unfavorable	Favorable	Unfavorable
	Input	<u>Variation</u>	variance	variance	variance	variance
Financial assets:						
Equity instruments	Discount for lack of marketability	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	(\$ 3)
Equity instruments	N/A	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 336	(\$ 336)

			December 31, 2024								
				gnized in it or loss		cognized in orehensive income					
			Favorable	Unfavorable	Favorable	Unfavorable					
	Input	Variation	variance	variance	variance	variance					
Financial assets:  Equity instruments	Discount for lack of marketability	±1%	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3	(\$ 3)					
Equity instruments	N/A	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 393	(\$ 393)					
				June	e 30, 2024						
			Reco	gnized in	Rec	cognized in					
			prof	it or loss	other comp	prehensive income					
	Input	Variation	Favorable variance	Unfavorable variance	Favorable variance	Unfavorable variance					
Financial assets:											
Equity instruments	Discount for lack of marketability	±1%	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> _	\$ 5	(\$ 5)					
Equity instruments	N/A	±1%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 507	(\$ 507)					

#### 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

#### (1) Significant transactions information

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Refer to table 1.
- C. Holding of significant marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 2.
- D. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 3.
- E. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 4.
- F. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Refer to table 5.

#### (2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 6.

# (3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Refer to table 7.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.

### 14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

#### (1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors that are used to make strategic decisions. There is no material change in the basis for formation of entities and division of segments in the Group or in the measurement basis for segment information during this period.

## (2) <u>Segment information</u>

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

							Adjı	ustments and		
Three months ended June 30, 2025		Taiwan		Asia		America	e	limination		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	1,288,041	\$	54,397	\$	141,307	\$	-	\$	1,483,745
Inter-segment revenue		130,557		31,623		1,533	(	163,713)		
Total segment revenue	\$	1,418,598	\$	86,020	\$	142,840	(\$	163,713)	\$	1,483,745
Segment profit - (loss) profit before tax	(\$	67,258)	\$	5,896	\$	4,105	\$	14,649	(\$	42,608)
							Adjı	ustments and		
Three months ended June 30, 2024		Taiwan		Asia		America	e	limination		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	964,211	\$	73,224	\$	123,631	\$		\$	1,161,066
Inter-segment revenue		152,577		14,426		1,908	(	168,911)		
Total segment revenue	\$	1,116,788	\$	87,650	\$	125,539	(\$	168,911)	\$	1,161,066
Segment profit - (loss) profit before tax	(\$	71,878)	(\$	10,996)	(\$	4,280)	\$	31,108	(\$	56,046)

				Adjustments and	
Six months ended June 30, 2025	Taiwan	Asia	America	elimination	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 2,752,686	\$ 81,984	\$ 298,831	\$ -	\$ 3,133,501
Inter-segment revenue	256,946	55,489	3,214	(315,649)	
Total segment revenue	\$ 3,009,632	\$ 137,473	\$ 302,045	(\$ 315,649)	\$ 3,133,501
Segment profit - (loss) profit before tax	\$ 45,090	\$ 1,681	\$ 7,326	\$ 8,639	\$ 62,736
				Adjustments and	
Six months ended June 30, 2024	Taiwan	Asia	America	elimination	Total
Revenue from external customers	\$ 1,929,764	\$ 128,167	\$ 267,913	\$ -	\$ 2,325,844
Inter-segment revenue	249,435	28,464	3,917	(281,816)	
Total segment revenue	\$ 2,179,199	\$ 156,631	\$ 271,830	(\$ 281,816)	\$ 2,325,844
Segment profit - (loss) profit before tax	(\$ 84,609	) (\$ 31,623	) \$ 1,821	\$ 38,739	(\$ 75,672)

Note: Segment information is based on geographic location of each segment.

# (3) Reconciliation for segment income (loss)

The revenue from external customers and gains or losses reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		endorsed/guar												
Numbe (Note:		Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party (Note 3)	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of June 30, 2025 (Note 4)	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at June 30, 2025 (Notes 5, 6)	Actual amount drawn down (Note 7)	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 3)	Provision of endorsements/guarantees by parent company to subsidiary (Note 8)	Provision of endorsements/guarantees by subsidiary to parent company (Note 8)	Provision of endorsements/guarantees to the party in Mainland China (Note 8)	Footnote
0	The Company	Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	2	\$ 926,483	\$ 5,610 \$	5,089	\$ 5,089 \$	-	0.16	1,544,138	Y	N	N	-
0	The Company	EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	2	926,483	25,000	25,000	10,000	10,000	0.81	1,544,138	Y	N	N	-
0	The Company	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	2	926,483	110,000	110,000	40,000	-	3.56	1,544,138	Y	N	N	-
0	The Company	NexAIoT Co.,	2	926,483	120,000	120,000	29,300	-	3.89	1,544,138	Y	N	N	-

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

Party being

- (1) The Company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

Ltd.

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories:

- (1) Having business relationship.
- (2) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guarantor parent company.
- (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed company.
- (5) Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract.
- (6) Due to joint venture, each shareholder provides endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.
- (7) Joint guarantee of the performance guarantee for pre-sold home sales contract as required under the Consumer Protection Act.
- Note 3: The guarantee ceiling is calculated as follows:
  - (1) The Company's total guarantees and endorsements to others should not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth. Net worth is determined based on the latest audited financial statements.
  - (2) The guarantees and endorsements for a single party should not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth, except that the guarantees and endorsements for any single foreign subsidiary should not exceed 30% of the Company's net worth. If the guarantees and endorsements were made upon business relationships, the guarantees and endorsements should not exceed the total transaction amount (higher of the purchase or the sales between the two parties) for the most recent year ended.

Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 5: The amount guaranteed by the Company to Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd., EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd., NexAloT Co., Ltd., and NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd. was JPY 25,018 thousand, NTD 25,000 thousand, NTD120,000 thousand and NTD110,000 thousand, respectively.

Note 6: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors of the chairman if the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations

Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies. Note 7: Fill in the actual ammount of endorsements/guarantees used by the ensorsed/guaranteed company.

Note 8: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland Chain.

Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)

Six months ended June 30, 2025

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

#### As of June 30, 2025

Securities held by The Company	Marketable securities Lionic Co., Ltd.	Relationship with the securities issuer  None	General ledger account Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income-	Number of shares (in thousands) 190	Book value	Ownership (%)  0.62	Fair value (Note)  \$ -
The Company	WK Technology Fund Co., Ltd.	"	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive incomenon-current	1,560	33,586	2.50	33,586
The Company	Datacom Technology Corp.	"	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive incomenon-current	700	-	6.54	-
Greenbase Technology Corp.	Iryx Corporation	"	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- non-current	550	-	4.35	-
DIVIOTEC INC.	DIVIOTEC COMPANY LIMITED	п	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive incomenon-current	5	256	19.00	256

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more Six months ended June 30, 2025

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

# Differences in transaction terms compared to third party

				Transa	ction			transa	ctions	Notes/accor	unts receivable
		Relationship with the	Purchases		Percentage of total purchase						Percentage of total notes/accounts
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	counterparty	(sales)	Amount	(sales)		Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	receivable (payable)
The Company	NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	Sales	\$ 232,705		10	90 days after monthly billing	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The credit term to related \$ parties was approximately the same as third parties.	253,221	20
The Company	Nex Computers, Inc.	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	Sales	180,678		8	90 days after monthly billing	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	parties was approximately	39,599	3

# Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more Six months ended June 30, 2025

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		<b>D</b> 1 1	D.I.			t action in demanding the due receivables	Amount collected	
Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at June 30, 2025	Turnover rate	Amount	Action taken	subsequent to the balance sheet date (Note)	Allowance for doubtful accounts
The Company	NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	\$ 253,221	2.13		Taking prompt action in demanding the overdue receivables.	Φ 6744	
The Company	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	105,895	1.39	49,977	Taking prompt action in demanding the overdue receivables.	2,495	-

Note: Represents amounts collected up to August 6, 2025.

#### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period Six months ended June 30, 2025

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Transaction

Number	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 1)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 2)
Nullioci	Company name	1 2	(11010-1)	General ledger account	Amount	Transaction terms	total assets (Note 2)
0	The Company	NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	1	Sales \$	232,705	Note 3	7
0	The Company	NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts receivable	253,221	Note 3	4
0	The Company	Nex Computers, Inc.	1	Sales	180,678	Note 3	6
0	The Company	Nex Computers, Inc.	1	Accounts receivable	39,599	Note 3	1

Note 1: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 2: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Note 3: Sales and collection terms of sales to related parties are approximately the same as with third parties.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

				Initial investr	nent amount	Shares held as at June 30, 2025		N. (7. (1)			
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at June 30, 2025	Balance as at December 31, 2024	Number of shares (shares in thousands)	Ownership	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six months ended June 30, 2025	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2025	Footnote
The Company	Nex Computers, Inc.	United States of America	Sales of PCs and peripherals	\$ 56,977	\$ 56,977	5,000	100	\$ 130,825 \$	5,357	\$ 5,357	Note
The Company	Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	16,780	16,780	1	100	45,048	1,410	1,410	Note
The Company	Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	Samoa	General investment	195,893	195,893	6,386	100	339,884	7,699	7,699	
The Company	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	82,834	82,834	15,155	75.73	239,624	33,784	25,585	Note
The Company	NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	97,063	97,063	18,995	82.73	( 65,223) (	52,201) (	43,186)	
The Company	AIOT CLOUD CORP.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	34,415	34,415	1,000	100	1,347 (	1,639) (	1,639)	Note
The Company	EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	12,100	12,100	7,290	100	( 451)	174	174	Note
The Company	TMR Technologies Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	37,818	37,818	3,782	82.08	8,952 (	4,921) (	4,039)	Note
The Company	NEXCOBOT INC.	United States of America	Sales of PCs and peripherals	5,921	5,921	200	100	8	-	-	Note
Greenbase Technology Corp.	DIVIOTED INC.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	12,579	12,579	2,000	100	58,262	10,816	10,816	Note
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	67,549	67,549	7,980	100	55,530 (	13,014) (	13,014)	Note

Note: Since the consolidated subsidiary was an insignificant subsidiary, the investment income or loss was recognized based on the financial statements which were not reviewed by the independent auditors.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Information on investments in Mainland China Six months ended June 30, 2025

Table 7

#### Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the six months ended

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital Investment method	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2025	June 30, 20.  Remitted to Mainland China R.	)25	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2025	Net income of investee for the three months ended June 30, 2025	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2025	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of June 30, 2025	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2025	Footnote
Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	\$ 104,234 Through investing in an investee compar Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which the the investee in Mainland China.		4 \$ - \$	-	\$ 104,234 (\$	3,890)	82.73 (\$	3,218) (	\$ 114,282)	-	Note
Nexcom Surveillance Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	30,321 Through investing in an investee compart Technology Corp.) in Mainland China, winvested in the investee in Mainland China	which then	-	-	30,321 (	988)	75.73 (	748)	35,142	-	Note
Nexcom United System Service Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	33,998 Through investing in an existing compar International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)) in the which then invested in the investee in M	third area,	-	-	28,691	35	100	35	817	-	Note
NEXGOL Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	44,650 Through investing in an investee (Nexco Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which the the investee in Mainland China.	<u>c</u>	-	-	- (	4,155)	66.18 (	2,750) (	59,952)	-	Note
Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	45,770 Through investing in an investee (Nexco Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which the the investee in Mainland China.	_	<del>-</del>	-	-	5,579	37.23	2,077	3,117	-	Note
Chongqing Keli Ruixing Technology Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	25,314 Through investing in an investee (Nexco Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which the	_	-	-	- (	4,318)	44.05 (	1,902) (	7,515)	-	Note

Note: Investment income (loss) for the six months ended June 30, 2025 was based on the investee's financial statements audited by other independent accountants appointed by the Company.

the investee in Mainland China.

	Accumulated	Investment	
	amount of	amount approved	
	remittance from	by the Investment	
	Taiwan to	Commission of	
	Mainland China	the Ministry of	
	as of June 30,	Economic Affairs	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by
Company name	2025	(MOEA)	the Investment Commission of MOEA
The Company	\$ 163,246	\$ 164,647	\$ 1,852,965