

NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

Mobile Computing Solutions Vehicle Telematics Computer VTC 7200-BK/7210-BK/7220-BK/7230-BK/7240-BK User Manual

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Preface

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Acknowledgements

VTC 7200-BK, VTC 7210-BK, VTC 7220-BK, VTC 7230-BK and VTC 7240-BK are trademarks of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. All other product names mentioned herein are registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Regulatory Compliance Statements

This section provides the FCC compliance statement for Class B devices and describes how to keep the system CE compliant.

Declaration of Conformity

FCC

This equipment has been tested and verified to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area (domestic environment) is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference (take adequate measures) at their own expense.

CE

The product(s) described in this manual complies with all applicable European Union (CE) directives if it has a CE marking. For computer systems to remain CE compliant, only CE-compliant parts may be used. Maintaining CE compliance also requires proper cable and cabling techniques.



RoHS Compliance



NEXCOM RoHS Environmental Policy and Status Update

NEXCOM is a global citizen for building the digital infrastructure. We are committed to providing green products and services, which are compliant with

European Union RoHS (Restriction on Use of Hazardous Substance in Electronic Equipment) directive 2011/65/EU, to be your trusted green partner and to protect our environment.

RoHS restricts the use of Lead (Pb) < 0.1% or 1,000ppm, Mercury (Hg) < 0.1% or 1,000ppm, Cadmium (Cd) < 0.01% or 100ppm, Hexavalent Chromium (Cr6+) < 0.1% or 1,000ppm, Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) < 0.1% or 1,000ppm, and Polybrominated diphenyl Ethers (PBDE) < 0.1% or 1,000ppm.

In order to meet the RoHS compliant directives, NEXCOM has established an engineering and manufacturing task force in to implement the introduction of green products. The task force will ensure that we follow the standard NEXCOM development procedure and that all the new RoHS components and new manufacturing processes maintain the highest industry quality levels for which NEXCOM are renowned.

How to recognize NEXCOM RoHS Products?

For existing products where there are non-RoHS and RoHS versions, the suffix "(LF)" will be added to the compliant product name. All new product models launched after January 2013 will be RoHS compliant. They will use the usual NEXCOM naming convention.



Warranty and RMA

NEXCOM Warranty Period

NEXCOM manufactures products that are new or equivalent to new in accordance with industry standard. NEXCOM warrants that products will be free from defect in material and workmanship for 2 years, beginning on the date of invoice by NEXCOM. HCP series products (Blade Server) which are manufactured by NEXCOM are covered by a three year warranty period.

NEXCOM Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA)

- Customers shall enclose the "NEXCOM RMA Service Form" with the returned packages.
- Customers must collect all the information about the problems encountered and note anything abnormal or, print out any on-screen messages, and describe the problems on the "NEXCOM RMA Service Form" for the RMA number apply process.
- Customers can send back the faulty products with or without accessories (manuals, cable, etc.) and any components from the card, such as CPU and RAM. If the components were suspected as part of the problems, please note clearly which components are included. Otherwise, NEXCOM is not responsible for the devices/parts.
- Customers are responsible for the safe packaging of defective products, making sure it is durable enough to be resistant against further damage and deterioration during transportation. In case of damages occurred during transportation, the repair is treated as "Out of Warranty."
- Any products returned by NEXCOM to other locations besides the customers' site will bear an extra charge and will be billed to the customer.

Repair Service Charges for Out-of-Warranty Products

NEXCOM will charge for out-of-warranty products in two categories, one is basic diagnostic fee and another is component (product) fee.

System Level

- Component fee: NEXCOM will only charge for main components such as SMD chip, BGA chip, etc. Passive components will be repaired for free, ex: resistor, capacitor.
- Items will be replaced with NEXCOM products if the original one cannot be repaired. Ex: motherboard, power supply, etc.
- Replace with 3rd party products if needed.
- If RMA goods can not be repaired, NEXCOM will return it to the customer without any charge.

Board Level

- Component fee: NEXCOM will only charge for main components, such as SMD chip, BGA chip, etc. Passive components will be repaired for free, ex: resistors, capacitors.
- If RMA goods can not be repaired, NEXCOM will return it to the customer without any charge.



Warnings

Read and adhere to all warnings, cautions, and notices in this guide and the documentation supplied with the chassis, power supply, and accessory modules. If the instructions for the chassis and power supply are inconsistent with these instructions or the instructions for accessory modules, contact the supplier to find out how you can ensure that your computer meets safety and regulatory requirements.

Cautions

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage system components. Do the described procedures only at an ESD workstation. If no such station is available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the computer chassis.

Safety Information

Before installing and using the device, note the following precautions:

- Read all instructions carefully.
- Do not place the unit on an unstable surface, cart, or stand.
- Follow all warnings and cautions in this manual.
- When replacing parts, ensure that your service technician uses parts specified by the manufacturer.
- Avoid using the system near water, in direct sunlight, or near a heating device.
- The load of the system unit does not solely rely for support from the rackmounts located on the sides. Firm support from the bottom is highly necessary in order to provide balance stability.
- The computer is provided with a battery-powered real-time clock circuit. There is a danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Installation Recommendations

Ensure you have a stable, clean working environment. Dust and dirt can get into components and cause a malfunction. Use containers to keep small components separated.

Adequate lighting and proper tools can prevent you from accidentally damaging the internal components. Most of the procedures that follow require only a few simple tools, including the following:

- A Philips screwdriver
- A flat-tipped screwdriver
- A grounding strap
- An anti-static pad

Using your fingers can disconnect most of the connections. It is recommended that you do not use needlenose pliers to disconnect connections as these can damage the soft metal or plastic parts of the connectors.

Warning!

- 1. Handling the unit: carry the unit with both hands and handle it with care.
- 2. Maintenance: to keep the unit clean, use only approved cleaning products or clean with a dry cloth.
- 3. CFast: Turn off the unit's power before inserting or removing a CFast storage card.
- 4. SIM: Do not insert or remove the SIM card when the **system** is **powered** on. Always **power** off the **system** before inserting or removing the SIM card.

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Safety Precautions

- Read these safety instructions carefully.
- Keep this User Manual for later reference.
- Disconnect this equipment from any AC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.
- For plug-in equipment, the power outlet socket must be located near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
- Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- Put this equipment on a stable surface during installation. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
- Do not leave this equipment in either an unconditioned environment or in a above 40°C storage temperature as this may damage the equipment.
- The openings on the enclosure are for air convection to protect the equipment from overheating. DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.
- Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power outlet.
- Place the power cord in a way so that people will not step on it. Do not place anything on top of the power cord. Use a power cord that has been approved for use with the product and that it matches the voltage and current marked on the product's electrical range label. The voltage and current rating of the cord must be greater than the voltage and current rating marked on the product.
- All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.

- If the equipment is not used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
- Never pour any liquid into an opening. This may cause fire or electrical shock.
- Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, the equipment should be opened only by qualified service personnel.
- If one of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
 - a. The power cord or plug is damaged.
 - b. Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
 - c. The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
 - d. The equipment does not work well, or you cannot get it to work according to the user's manual.
 - e. The equipment has been dropped and damaged.
 - f. The equipment has obvious signs of breakage.
- Do not place heavy objects on the equipment.
- The unit uses a three-wire ground cable which is equipped with a third pin to ground the unit and prevent electric shock. Do not defeat the purpose of this pin. If your outlet does not support this kind of plug, contact your electrician to replace your obsolete outlet.
- CAUTION: DANGER OF EXPLOSION IF BATTERY IS INCORRECTLY REPLACED. REPLACE ONLY WITH THE SAME OR EQUIVALENT TYPE RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. DISCARD USED BATTERIES ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS.
- The computer is provided with CD drives that comply with the appropriate safety standards including IEC 60825.

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Technical Support and Assistance

- 1. For the most updated information of NEXCOM products, visit NEXCOM's website at www.nexcom.com.
- 2. For technical issues that require contacting our technical support team or sales representative, please have the following information ready before calling:
 - Product name and serial number
 - Detailed information of the peripheral devices
 - Detailed information of the installed software (operating system, version, application software, etc.)
 - A complete description of the problem
 - The exact wordings of the error messages

Conventions Used in this Manual



Warning:

Information about certain situations, which if not observed, can cause personal injury. This will prevent injury to yourself when performing a task.



Caution:

Information to avoid damaging components or losing data.



Note:

Provides additional information to complete a task easily.



Global Service Contact Information

Headquarters NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

9F, No. 920, Chung-Cheng Rd., ZhongHe District, New Taipei City, 23586, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-8226-7786 Fax: +886-2-8226-7782 www.nexcom.com

America USA NEXCOM USA

2883 Bayview Drive, Fremont CA 94538, USA Tel: +1-510-656-2248 Fax: +1-510-656-2158 Email: sales@nexcom.com www.nexcom.com

Asia

Taiwan NEXCOM Intelligent Systems

Taipei Office

13F, No.920, Chung-Cheng Rd., ZhongHe District, New Taipei City, 23586, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-8226-7796 Fax: +886-2-8226-7792 Email: sales@nexcom.com.tw www.nexcom.com.tw

NEXCOM Intelligent Systems Taichung Office

16F, No.250, Sec. 2, Chongde Rd., Beitun Dist., Taichung City 406, R.O.C. Tel: +886-4-2249-1179 Fax: +886-4-2249-1172 Email: sales@nexcom.com.tw www.nexcom.com.tw

Japan NEXCOM Japan

9F, Tamachi Hara Bldg., 4-11-5, Shiba Minato-ku, Tokyo, 108-0014, Japan Tel: +81-3-5419-7830 Fax: +81-3-5419-7832 Email: sales@nexcom-jp.com www.nexcom-jp.com

China NEXCOM China

1F & 2F, Block A, No. 16 Yonyou Software Park, No. 68 Beiqing Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100094, China Tel: +86-10-5704-2680 Fax: +86-10-5704-2681 Email: sales@nexcom.cn www.nexcom.cn



NEXCOM Shanghai

Room 603/604, Huiyinmingzun Plaza Bldg., 1, No.609, Yunlin East Rd., Shanghai, 200333, China Tel: +86-21-5278-5868 Fax: +86-21-3251-6358 Email: sales@nexcom.cn www.nexcom.cn

NEXCOM Surveillance Technology

Room 209, Floor 2 East, No.2, Science & Technology industrial park of privately owned enterprises, Xili, Nanshan Dist., Shenzhen, 518055, China Tel: +86-755-8364-7768 Fax: +86-755-8364-7738 Email: steveyang@nexcom.com.tw www.nexcom.cn

NEXCOM United System Service

Hui Yin Ming Zun Building Room 1108, Building No. 11, 599 Yunling Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, 200062, China Tel: +86-21-6125-8282 Fax: +86-21-6125-8281 Email: frankyang@nexcom.cn www.nexcom.cn

Europe United Kingdom NEXCOM EUROPE

10 Vincent Avenue, Crownhill Business Centre, Milton Keynes, Buckinghamshire MK8 0AB, United Kingdom Tel: +44-1908-267121 Fax: +44-1908-262042 Email: sales.uk@nexcom.eu www.nexcom.eu

Italy NEXCOM ITALIA S.r.I

Via Lanino 42, 21047 Saronno (VA), Italia Tel: +39 02 9628 0333 Fax: +39 02 9625 570 Email: nexcomitalia@nexcom.eu www.nexcomitalia.it



Package Contents

Before continuing, verify that the VTC 7200-BK series package that you received is complete. Your VTC 7200-BK series package should have all the items listed in the following table.

Item	P/N	Name	Specification	Qty
1	4NCPF00204X00	Terminal Blocks 2P Phoenix Contact:1777989	5.08mm Female DIP Green	1
2	4NCPM00302X00	(T)Terminal Blocks 3P Phoenix Contact:1777992	5.08mm Male DIP Green	1
3	4NCPM01601X00	Terminal Blocks 2x8 ANYTEK:KD161051A000G	3.5mm Male 16P 180D Plug Green	1
4	50311F0110X00	(H)Flat Head Screw Long FEI:F3x5ISO+NYLOK NIGP	F3x5 NI Nylok	1
5	6012200052X00	PE Zipper Bag #8	170x240mm, w/China RoHS Symbol	1
6	6012200053X00	PE Zipper Bag #3	100x70mm, w/China RoHS Symbol	1
7	60233SAM05X00	GPS Antenna Arknav:A-130 GPS Antenna 5M SMA180P R1 L3	For VTC 5M/SMA180P	1
8	602DCD0828X00	(N)VTC 72 Series DVD Driver VER:1.0	JCL	1



Ordering Information

The following provides ordering information for VTC 7200-BK series.

VTC 7200-BK (P/N : 10V00720000X0)

Intel[®] Core[™] processor i3-4010U, 1.7GHz dual core CPU, Industrial Grade 2GB DDR3L SO-DIMM, VGA/DP output, 2 LAN, 2x RS-232, 1x RS-232/422/485, 8x GPIO, 3x USB, 12VDC output

VTC 7210-BK (P/N : 10V00721000X0)

Intel[®] Core[™] processor i5-4300U, 1.9GHz dual core CPU, Industrial Grade 2GB DDR3L SO-DIMM, VGA/DP output, 2 LAN, 2x RS-232, 1x RS-232/422/485, 8x GPIO, 3x USB, 12VDC output

VTC 7220-BK (P/N : 10V00722000X0)

Intel[®] Core[™] processor i7-4650U, 1.7GHz, dual core CPU, Industrial Grade 2GB DDR3L SO-DIMM, VGA/DP output, 2 LAN, 2x RS-232, 1x RS-232/422/485, 8x GPIO, 3x USB, 12VDC output

VTC 7230-BK (P/N : 10V00723000X0)

Intel[®] Core[™] processor i3-5010U, 2.1GHz, dual core CPU, Industrial Grade 2GB DDR3L SO-DIMM, VGA/DP output, 2 LAN, 2x RS-232, 1x RS-232/422/485, 8x GPIO, 3x USB, 12VDC output

VTC 7240-BK (P/N : 10V00724000X0)

Intel[®] Core[™] processor i7-5650U, 2.2GHz, dual core CPU, Industrial Grade 2GB DDR3L SO-DIMM, VGA/DP output, 2 LAN, 2x RS-232, 1x RS-232/422/485, 8x GPIO, 3x USB, 12VDC output



Chapter 1: Product Introduction

Physical Features

Front View



Rear View





Overview

VTC 7200-BK series features powerful new generation Intel[®] Core™ processor i7-5650U/i7-4650U/i5-4300U/i3-5010U/i3-4010U. Its CPU performance gives the users the ability to adapt to what they need in any telematics applications. Its Intel[®] HD graphics 6000/5000 engine allows users to fully take advantage of VTC 7200-BK series to achieve smooth, seamless and stunning graphic performance on 3 different video outputs (VGA. DP. LVDS). VTC 7200-BK series is equipped with 2 externally accessible SSD/HDD trays; users can easily download or upload the data on other devices by just removing the storage devices from VTC 7200-BK series. By integrating the variety of I/O ports and 4x Mini-PCIe sockets expansibility, VTC 7200-BK series is not only suitable for video surveillance application, but also can meet the demand for other telematics applications, such as infotainment, fleet management and dispatching system. With dual SIM cards support, VTC 7200-BK series allows three SIM cards backup each other for a better connectivity guality by software. In addition, three SIM cards + dual WWAN modules architecture can increase the bandwidth for a faster data transfer speed. Not only data transmission, VTC 7200-BK series also supports twoway voice communication. Equipped with intelligent power management, VTC 7200-BK series can be waked on by ignition, RTC timer or SMS/Ring remotely.

Key Features

- Intel[®] Core[™] processor dual core i7-5650U/i7-4650U/i5-4300U/ i3-5010U/i3-4010U
- Three SIM cards + dual WWAN modules support
- Dual accessible & hot swappable SATA 3.0 SSD/HDD (RAID 0/1)
- Built-in u-blox NEO-M8N module, optional dead reckoning support
- Built-in CAN 2.0B. Optional CAN/OBDII module
- Wake on RTC/SMS via WWAN module
- Voice communication via WWAN module
- Compliant with MIL-STD-810G
- 4x mini-PCIe socket rich expansion capability



Hardware Specifications

CPU

- Intel[®] Core[™] processor dual core i7-5650U, 2.2GHz
- Intel[®] Core[™] processor dual core i7-4650U, 1.7GHz
- Intel[®] Core[™] processor dual core i5-4300U, 1.9GHz
- Intel[®] Core[™] processor dual core i3-5010U, 2.1GHz
- Intel[®] Core[™] processor dual core i3-4010U, 1.7GHz

Memory

 2 channel 204-pin DDR3L SO-DMIM socket support 1333/1600MHz up to 16GB, default industrial grade 2GB

Storage

- 2x 2.5" SATA 3.0 SSD/HDD (removable & hot swappable), RAID 0,1 supported (optional lockable storage available)
- 1x CFast (externally accessible)

Expansion

- 1x full size Mini-PCIe socket (USB 2.0)
- 1x full size Mini-PCIe socket (USB 2.0 + PCIe)
- 1x full size Mini-PCIe socket (USB 2.0 + PCIe)
- 1x half size Mini-PCle socket (USB 2.0 + PCle)

GNSS Function

- 1x u-blox NEO-M8N module (support GPS/Gloness/QZSS/Galileo/Beidou) or optional module with Dead Reckoning
- Built-in G-sensor

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I/O Interface-Front

- 4x LED for power, storage, WWAN, WLAN
- 2x 2.5" SATA 3.0 SSD/HDD (removable & hot swappable), RAID 0,1 supported (optional lockable storage available)

- 1x dual USB type A connector for USB 3.0 port + USB 2.0 port
- 2x externally accessible SIM card socket (selectable)
- 1x phone jack 3.5mm for 1x Mic-in
- 1x phone jack 3.5mm for 1x Line-out
- 1x externally accessible CFast card socket with cover
- 1x event button (trigger type)
- 1x reset button
- 3x antenna hole for WWAN/WLAN/BT

I/O Interface-Rear

- 1x 9~36VDC input with ignition and 37W typical power consumption
- 1x dual USB type A connector for USB 3.0 port + USB 2.0 port
- 2x RJ45 10/100/1000 Fast Ethernet with LED
- 1x phone jack 3.5mm for 1x Mic-in
- 1x phone jack 3.5mm for 1x Line-out with 1.5W output each
- 1x DB-15 VGA. Resolution up to 2560 x 1600 @60Hz
- 1x DP port. Resolution up to 2560 x 1600 @60Hz
- 2x DB-9 RS-232
- 1x DB-9 RS-232/422/485 (RI/12V selectable)
- 1x DB-9 for CAN 2.0B (optional CAN Bus 2.0B mini-PCle card), 2x MCU-DI and 2x MCU-DO
- 1x 16-pin terminal block
 - 1x CAN Bus 2.0B (on board)
 - 1x optional CAN/OBDII module (CAN Bus 2.0B or OBDII SAE J1939)
 - 8x programmable GPIO
 - (Digital Input)

Input voltage (internal type): 5VDC TTL (default)

Input voltage (source type): 3~12VDC

(Digital Output)

Digital Output (sink type): 5VDC TTL (default), max current: 20mA Digital Output (source type): 3~24VDC, max current: 150mA

• 1x 12VDC output (2A), SM Bus



- 4x antenna holes for WWAN/ WLAN/ BT/GPS
- 1x Fuse (15A)

Power Management

- Selectable boot-up & shut-down voltage for low power protection by software
- Setting 8-level power on/off delay time by software
- Status of ignition and low voltage can be detected by software
- Support S3/S4 suspend mode

Operating System

- Windows 8, WES8
- Window 7, WES7
- Linux kernel 3.X

Dimensions

- 260mm (W) x 206mm (D) x 79.5mm (H) (10.24" x 8.11" x 3.13")
- Weight: 2.5kg

Environment

- Operating temperatures:
 -30°C to 55°C (w/industrial SSD) with air flow
 -10°C to 45°C (w/commercial HDD) with air flow
- Storage temperatures: -35°C to 85°C
- Relative humidity: 10% to 90% (non-condensing)
- Vibration (random): 1.5g@5~500 Hz (in operation, HDD), 2g@5~500 Hz (in operation, SSD)
- Vibration (SSD/HDD): Operating: MIL-STD-810G, Method 514.6, Category 4, common carrier US highway truck vibration exposure Storage: MIL-STD-810G, Method 514.6, Category 24, minimum integrity test

• Shock (SSD/HDD):

Operating: MIL-STD-810G, Method 516.6, Procedure I, functional shock=20g

Non-operating: MIL-STD-810G, Method 516.6, Procedure V, crash hazard shock test=75g

Standards/Certifications

- CE approval
- FCC Class B
- E13 Mark



Connector Numbering

The following diagrams indicate the numbers of the connectors. Use these numbers to locate the connectors' respective pinout assignments on chapter 2 of the manual.







Chapter 2: External Connectors Pinout Description

Event Button

Connector Number: 1



Pin	Definition	
1	Event Input	
2	GND	

LED Indicators (HDD, WWAN, Power & WLAN)

Connector Number: 2



LED	LED Behavior
HDD	Light On: HDD/SSD Active
PWR	Light On: Power On
	Light Off: Power Off
	Dinking: Active
WWAN WLAN	Blinking: Active Blinking: Active



Reset

Connector Number: 3



Pin	Definition	
1	GND	
2	RESET	

SIM1 and SIM2 Sockets For CN23 and CN21

Connector Number: 4



SIM 1

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
C1	SIM PWR	C5	GND
C2	SIM RST	C6	NC
C3	SIM CLK	C7	SIM DAT
SW1	NC	SW2	NC

SIM 2

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
C1	SIM PWR	C5	GND
C2	SIM RST	C6	NC
C3	SIM CLK	C7	SIM DAT
SW1	NC	SW2	NC



USB 3.0 and USB 2.0 Ports (Front)

Connector Number: 5



USB 3.0 Pin Connector Definition

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	VCC	2	USB0_N
3	USBO_P	4	GND
5	USB3_RXN	6	USB3_RXP
7	GND	8	USB3_TXN
9	USB3_TXP		

USB 2.0 Pin Connector Definition

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
10	VCC	11	USB1_N
12	USB1_P	13	GND

CFast

Connector Number: 6



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
S1	GND	PC6	NC
S2	SATA2_TXP	PC7	GND
S3	SATA2_TXN	PC8	CFAST_LED1
S4	GND	PC9	CFAST_LED2
S5	SATA2_RXN	PC10	NC
S6	SATA2_RXP	PC11	NC
S7	GND	PC12	NC
PC1	CFAST_CDI	PC13	NC
PC2	GND	PC14	NC
PC3	NC	PC15	GND
PC4	NC	PC16	GND
PC5	NC	PC17	CFAST_CDO



Line-out2

Connector Number: 7

Mic2

Connector Number: 8





Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	Headphone (mono)	2	Detect
3	NC	4	Headphone (mono)
5	GND	6	GND

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	NC	2	Detect
3	NC	4	Mic-In (Right Channel) to WWAN module
5	GND	6	GND



LAN2 Port

Connector Number: 9



1 8



LAN1 Port

Connector Number: 10



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	MDIOP	2	MDION
3	MDI1P	4	MDI2P
5	MDI2N	6	MDI1N
7	MDI3P	8	MDI3N
9	LED1-	10	LED1+
11	LED2-	12	LED2+

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	MDIOP	2	MDION
3	MDI1P	4	MDI2P
5	MDI2N	6	MDI1N
7	MDI3P	8	MDI3N
9	LED1-	10	LED1+
11	LED2-	12	LED2+



Mic1

Connector Number: 11



Line-out1

Connector Number: 12



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	GND	2	Mic-In (Left Channel)
3	GND	4	Detect
5	NC	6	

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
22	Left Channel	23	GND
24	Detect	25	Right Channel



USB 3.0 and USB 2.0 Ports (Rear)

Connector Number: 13



USB 3.0 Pin Connector Definition

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	VCC	2	USB0_N
3	USBO_P	4	GND
5	USB3_RXN	6	USB3_RXP
7	GND	8	USB3_TXN
9	USB3_TXP		

USB 2.0 Pin Connector Definition

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
10	VCC	11	USB1_N
12	USB1_P	13	GND

DisplayPort

Connector Number: 14



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	DAT0_P	2	GND
3	DAT0_N	4	DAT1_P
5	GND	6	DAT1_N
7	DAT2_P	8	GND
9	DAT2_N	10	DAT2_N
11	GND	12	DAT3_N
13	DP_AUX_EN#	14	GND
15	AUX_P_CCLK	16	GND
17	AUX_N_CDAT	18	HPD
19	GND	20	VCC3



VGA

Connector Number: 15



GPIO/CAN/OBDII

Connector Number: 16



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	RED	2	GREEN
3	BLUE	4	CH7517_SPC
5	GND	6	M_DET
7	VGA_GND	8	VGA_GND
9	VGA_VCC	10	GND
11	CH7517_SPD	12	VGA_DAT
13	VGA_HS	14	VGA_VS
15	VGA CIK		

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	CAN2.0 SJA1000_H	9	GPIO1 (Default: GPI1)
2	CAN2.0 SJA1000_L	10	GPIO2 (Default: GPI2)
3	VIOB-CAN03-CAN2.0_L	11	GPIO3 (Default: GPI3)
4	VIOB-CAN03-CAN2.0_H	12	GPIO4 (Default: GPI4)
5	VIOB-CAN03-J1939_L	13	GPIO5 (Default: GPO1)
6	VIOB-CAN03-J1939_H	14	GPIO6 (Default: GPO2)
7	GND	15	GPIO7 (Default: GPO3)
8	GND	16	GPIO8 (Default: GPO4)

GPIO can be programmed by S/W. Please refer to the source code in utility.



DC Output

-

Connector Number: 17



DC Input 9V-36V

Connector Number: 18



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	Voltage from Car Battery (2A)	2	12VDC Out (2A)
3	SMB_CLK(For VTK61B)	4	GND
5	GND	6	SMB_DAT(For VTK61B)

Pin	Definition		
1	GND_IN		
2	V_IN		
3	IGNITION		



COM1 and COM3

Connector Number: 19



COM2 (RS232/422/485 and RI/12V Selection)

Connector Number: 20 RS232 / RS422 / RS485 is selected in BIOS setting



RS232 (Default)

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	DCD	2	RXD
3	TXD	4	DTR
5	GND	6	DSR
7	RTS	8	CTS
9	RI		

RS422/485

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	TXD-	2	TXD+
3	RXD+	4	RXD-

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	DCD	2	RXD
3	TXD	4	DTR
5	GND	6	DSR
7	RTS	8	CTS
9	RI		

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MCU-DIO

Connector Number: 21



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	NC	2	NC
3	MCU-DO2	4	MCU-DO1
5	GND	6	NC
7	NC	8	MCU-DI1
9	MCU-DI2		



Chapter 3: Jumpers and Switches

This chapter describes how to set the jumpers on the VTC 7200-BK series motherboard.

Before You Begin

- Ensure you have a stable, clean working environment. Dust and dirt can get into components and cause a malfunction. Use containers to keep small components separated.
- Adequate lighting and proper tools can prevent you from accidentally damaging the internal components. Most of the procedures that follow require only a few simple tools, including the following:
 - A Philips screwdriver
 - A flat-tipped screwdriver
 - A set of jewelers screwdrivers
 - A grounding strap
 - An anti-static pad
- Using your fingers can disconnect most of the connections. It is recommended that you do not use needle-nosed pliers to disconnect connections as these can damage the soft metal or plastic parts of the connectors.
- Before working on internal components, make sure that the power is off. Ground yourself before touching any internal components, by touching a metal object. Static electricity can damage many of the electronic components. Humid environment tend to have less static electricity than dry environments. A grounding strap is warranted whenever danger of static electricity exists.

Precautions

Computer components and electronic circuit boards can be damaged by discharges of static electricity. Working on the computers that are still connected to a power supply can be extremely dangerous.

Follow the guidelines below to avoid damage to your computer or yourself:

- Always disconnect the unit from the power outlet whenever you are working inside the case.
- If possible, wear a grounded wrist strap when you are working inside the computer case. Alternatively, discharge any static electricity by touching the bare metal chassis of the unit case, or the bare metal body of any other grounded appliance.
- Hold electronic circuit boards by the edges only. Do not touch the components on the board unless it is necessary to do so. Don't flex or stress the circuit board.
- Leave all components inside the static-proof packaging that they shipped with until they are ready for installation.
- Use correct screws and do not over tighten screws.



Jumper Settings

A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a cap. When setting the jumpers, ensure that the jumper caps are placed on the correct pins. When the jumper cap is placed on both pins, the jumper is short. If you remove the jumper cap, or place the jumper cap on just one pin, the jumper is open.

Refer to the illustrations below for examples of what the 2-pin and 3-pin jumpers look like when they are short (on) and open (off).

Two-Pin Jumpers: Open (Left) and Short (Right)



Three-Pin Jumpers: Pins 1 and 2 are Short





VTC 7200-BK Series Connector Specification & Jumper Setting

VTC 7200-BK series carrier board placement

The figure below is the carrier board used in the VTC 7200-BK series. It shows the locations of the jumpers and connectors.





DIP Switch Settings

GPIO Pull High Switch

Connector location: SW1



SW	On (Default)	Off	
SW1.1	Pull up VCC5	Don't care	
SW1.2	Pull up VCC5	Don't care	
SW1.3	Pull up VCC5	Don't care	
SW1.4	Pull up VCC5	Don't care	
SW1.5	Pull up VCC5	Don't care	
SW1.6	Pull up VCC5	Don't care	
SW1.7	Pull up VCC5	Don't care	
SW1.8	Pull up VCC5	Don't care	

COM2 RI/12V Selection

Connector location: SW2



Function	Definition		
RI (*)	1,2,4 OFF / 3 ON		
NC	NC		
VCC12	2,3,4 OFF / 1 ON		

(*) Default setting



VCC Selection Switch for CN23 Mini-PCIe Socket

Connector location: SW3



-

Function	Definition
CN21 3.3V (*)	1-2 OFF
CN21 3.6V	1-2 ON

(*) Default setting



WWAN Module Selector (For Wake-Up & Voice Functions on Mini-PCIe CN23)

Connector location: SW6



	WWAN HE910 Wake-Up & Voice	WWAN CM8000 Wake-Up & Voice*	WWAN MC8090/ 8092	WWAN MC7304/MC7354 Wake-Up & Voice
SW6.1	Off	On	Off	Off
SW6.2	Off	Off	On	On
SW6.3	On	Off	Off	Off
SW6.4	Off	On	Off	Off
Digital Voice**	HE910 (I2S)	Disabled (default)	MC8090 (PCM)	MC73xx(PCM)

FunctionDefinitionClear CMOS/ME1-2 ONNormal1-2 OFF

ME/RTC Clear Switch

Connector location: SW7

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*Default Settings

**Digital voice is selectable in BIOS.

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Input Voltage Control Switch

Connector location: SW8



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Function	Definition
12V	1-2 OFF
24V	1 OFF, 2 ON
9-36V	1-2 ON (Default)



Connectors Power SW Connector

Connector size: $1 \times 2 = 2$ -pin header (2.5mm) Connector location: J24



Connector size: $1 \times 6 = 6$ -pin header (2.54mm) Connector location: JP8



Pin	Definition	
1	HW_PWRBT	
2	GND	

1					\cap	
1	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	6

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	VCC3	2	GND
3	ТСК	4	TDO
5	TDI	6	TMS



MCU Debug COM Connector

Connector size: 1 x 3 = 3-pin header (2.54mm) Connector location: JP7

MCU Flash Connector

Connector size: $1 \times 5 = 5$ -pin header (2.54mm) Connector location: JP9

1 🗌 🔿 🔿 3

1 🗌 🔿 🔿 🔿 5

Pin	Definition	
1	TX	
2	RX	
3	GND	

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	VCC3	2	C2D
3	MRST	4	C2CK
5	GND		



MCU Temp Sensor

Connector size: $1 \times 2 = 2$ -pin header (2.54mm) Connector location: JP6

LVDS BL Control Connector

Connector size: $1 \times 6 = 6$ -pin header (2.00mm) Connector location: J14

1 🗌 🔿 2

6 00000 1

Pin	Definition	
1	Temp Sensor	
2	GND	

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	Panel_backlight	2	Panel_VDD
3	GND	4	GND
5	LVDS_PANEL	6	L_BKLT_CTRL



LVDS Connector

- - -

Connector size: 2 x 15 = 30-pin header (2.0mm) Connector location: CN18

SATA Power Connectors

4

100C

Connector size: $1 \times 4 = 4$ -pin header (2.54mm) Connector location: CN13 and CN11

		-
29	0000000000000000	1
30	0000000000000000	2

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	LVDS_DDC_CLK	2	LVDS_DDC_DATA
3	Panel_VDD	4	LVDSA_DATA0
5	LVDSA_DATA3	6	LVDSA_DATA#0
7	LVDSA_DATA#3	8	Panel_VDD
9	LVDS_GND	10	LVDS_GND
11	LVDSA_CLK	12	LVDSA_CLK
13	LVDSA_CLK#	14	LVDSA_DATA#1
15	LVDS_GND	16	LVDS_GND
17	LVDSA_DATA2	18	Panel_backlight
19	LVDSA_DATA#2	20	Panel_backlight
21	LVDS_GND	22	MCU_PWRBTN#
23	USBHUB_2_N	24	LVDS_DET#
25	USBHUB_2_P	26	LVDS_USB_PWR
27	USB_GND	28	USB_GND
29	Panel backlight	30	GND

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	VCC12	2	GND
3	GND	4	VCC5



SATA Connectors

Connector size: 1 x 7 = 7-pin header (1.27mm) Connector location: CN16 and CN15

GPS Connector

Connector size: $1 \times 6 = 6$ -pin header (1.0mm) Connector location: J15





Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	GND	2	SATA1/0_TXP
3	SATA1/0_TXN	4	GND
5	SATA1/0_RXN	6	SATA1/0_RXP
7	GND		

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	GPS_BAT	2	GPS_LED#
3	GPS_TX	4	GPS_RX
5	GND	6	VCC3_GPS

20



Expansion Connector (For VIOB-mPCI expansion card)

Connector size: 1 x 20 = 20-pin header (1.0mm) Connector location: J16

COM1/3 RS232 Connector

Connector size: $1 \times 10 = 10$ -pin header (1.0mm) Connector location: CN12 and CN17



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	GND	2	USBHUB_3_P1
3	USBHUB_3_N1	4	GND
5	PEX_B_TX5P	6	PEX_B_TX5N
7	GND	8	PEX_B_RX5P
9	PEX_B_RX5N	10	GND
11	SMB_DATA	12	SMB_CLK
13	CB_RESET#_B	14	EXP_DISABLE#
15	GND	16	GND
17	MINI_CLKP4	18	MINI_CLKN4
19	GND	20	NC

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	GND	2	GND
3	CTS	4	DSR
5	DTR	6	RXD
7	RI	8	RTS
9	TXD	10	DCD

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COM2 RS232/422/485 Connector

Connector size: 1 x 10 = 10-pin header (1.0mm) Connector location: CN14

Super I/O Temperature Sensor

Connector size: $1 \times 2 = 2$ -pin header (2.54mm) Connector location: JP2

10 [00000000]] 1
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RS232

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	GND	2	GND
3	CTS	4	DSR
5	DTR_RX-	6	RXD_TX+
7	RI_PWR	8	RTS
9	TXD_RX+	10	DCD_TX-

RS485

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
6	DATA+	10	DATA-

RS422

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
5	RX-	6	TX+
9	RX+	10	TX-

Pin	n Definition	
1	Temp	
2	GND	



RTC Battery Connector

Connector size: 1 x 2 = 2-pin header (1.25mm) Connector location: J20

			٦
1		0	2

Pin	Definition	
1	GND	
2	RTC_BAT	

Debug 80 Port Connector

Connector size: 1 x 10 = 10-pin header (1.0mm) Connector location: J17



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	GND	2	PCIRST#
3	33M_CLK	4	LPC_FRAME#
5	LPC_AD3	6	LPC_AD2
7	LPC_AD1	8	LPC_AD0
9	VCC3	10	VCC3



Optional VIOB-CAN03 Module Connector

Connector size: $2 \times 5 = 10$ -pin header (2.0mm) Connector location: JP3 and JP4

Power Connector for CAN 2.0B MiniCard (MPX-2515)

Connector size: $1 \times 2 = 2$ -pin header (1.25mm) Connector location: J18



JP3 Output

- -

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	NC	2	NC
3	NC	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	VIOB-CAN03-J1939_L	8	VIOB-CAN03-CAN2.0_L
9	VIOB-CAN03-J1939_H	10	VIOB-CAN03-CAN2.0_H

Pin	Definition
1	VCC5
2	GND

JP4 Input

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	NC	2	VCC5
3	NC	4	NC
5	GND	6	GND
7	CAN_DI	8	CAN_DO
9	RXD5	10	TXD5



3G GPS RF Connector

Connector size: 1 x 4 = 4-pin header (1.0mm) Connector location: J19



BT Connector

Connector size: $1 \times 10 = 10$ -pin header (1.0mm) Connector location: J21



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	RF_VCC3	2	RF_BY_PASS1
3	RF_BY_PASS2	4	GND

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	GND	2	NC
3	VCC3	4	NC
5	BT_AUDIO_EN	6	NC
7	NC	8	USBHUB_3-N
9	USBHUB_3-P	10	GND

NECOM

Mini-PCle (PCle + USB)

Connector location: CN22



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	WAKE#	2	+V3.3_MINI1
3	NC	4	GND
5	NC	6	+V1.55_MINI1
7	NC	8	NC
9	GND	10	NC
11	PCIE_CLK#	12	NC
13	PCIE_CLK	14	NC
15	GND	16	NC
17	NC	18	GND
19	NC	20	WLAN_DIS#
21	GND	22	RESET#
23	PCIE_RX_N	24	+V3.3_MINI1
25	PCIE_RX_P	26	GND

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
27	GND	28	+V1.55_MINI1
29	GND	30	SMBCLK
31	PCIE_TX_N	32	SMBDAT
33	PCIE_TX_P	34	GND
35	GND	36	USB-
37	GND	38	USB+
39	+V3.3_MINI1	40	GND
41	+V3.3_MINI1	42	NC
43	GND	44	WLAN_LED#
45	PCH_CL_CLK	46	WPAN_LED#
47	PCH_CL_DAT	48	+V1.55_MINI1
49	PCH_CL_RST#	50	GND
51	MINI_BT_DIS#	52	+V3.3_MINI1



Mini-PCle (PCle + USB)

Connector location: CN19



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	WAKE#	2	+V3.3_MINI3
3	NC	4	GND
5	NC	6	+V1.5S_MINI3
7	NC	8	NC
9	GND	10	NC
11	PCIE_CLK#	12	NC
13	PCIE_CLK	14	NC
15	GND	16	NC
17	NC	18	GND
19	NC	20	WLAN_DIS#
21	GND	22	RESET#
23	PCIE_RX_N	24	+V3.3_MINI3
25	PCIE_RX_P	26	GND

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
27	GND	28	+V1.55_MINI3
29	GND	30	SMBCLK
31	PCIE_TX_N	32	SMBDAT
33	PCIE_TX_P	34	GND
35	GND	36	USB-
37	GND	38	USB+
39	+V3.3_MINI3	40	GND
41	+V3.3_MINI3	42	WWAN_LED#
43	GND	44	WLAN_LED#
45	NC	46	NC
47	NC	48	+V1.55_MINI3
49	NC	50	GND
51	NC	52	+V3.3_MINI3



Mini-PCle (PCle + USB)

Connector location: CN21 SIM Socket: SIM 2 (default) SIM Socket: SIM 3



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	WAKE#	2	+V3.3_MINI2
3	NC	4	GND
5	NC	6	+V1.55_MINI2
7	NC	8	UIMB_PWR
9	GND	10	UIMB_DAT
11	PCIE_CLK#	12	UIMB_CLK
13	PCIE_CLK	14	UIMB_RST
15	GND	16	NC
17	NC	18	GND
19	NC	20	WLAN_DIS#
21	GND	22	RESET#
23	PCIE_RX_N	24	+V3.3_MINI2
25	PCIE_RX_P	26	GND

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
27	GND	28	+V1.55_MINI2
29	GND	30	SMBCLK
31	PCIE_TX_N	32	SMBDAT
33	PCIE_TX_P	34	GND
35	GND	36	USB-
37	GND	38	USB+
39	+V3.3_MINI2	40	GND
41	+V3.3_MINI2	42	WWAN_LED#
43	GND	44	WLAN_LED#
45	NC	46	NC
47	NC	48	+V1.55_MINI2
49	NC	50	GND
51	NC	52	+V3.3_MINI2



Internal WWAN SIM Card Socket (SIM 3) For CN21

Connector location: CN20



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
C1	SIM PWR	C5	GND
C2	SIM RST	C6	NC
C3	SIM CLK	С7	SIM DAT



Mini-PCle (USB)

Connector location: CN23 SIM Socket: SIM 1 (default) SIM Socket: SIM 2



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	MIC_P/WAKE_N	2	+V3.3A_MINI4
3	MINI_MIC_N	4	GND
5	MINI_SPK_PRR	6	NC
7	U_GND	8	UIMA_PWR
9	GND	10	UIMA_DAT
11	VCC_MSM26_DIG	12	UIMA_CLK
13	NC	14	UIMA_RST
15	GND	16	NC
17	PCM_TX_C8K	18	GND
19	PCM_SYNC_C8K	20	3.5G_DIS#
21	GND	22	3.5G_RST#
23	NC	24	+V3.3A_MINI4
25	NC	26	GND

Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
27	GND	28	MC9090_WAKE
29	GND	30	NC
31	NC	32	CM8K_WAKE
33	UMTS_RESET#	34	GND
35	GND	36	USB-
37	GND	38	USB+
39	+V3.3A_MINI4	40	GND
41	+V3.3A_MINI4	42	WWAN_LED#
43	GND	44	NC
45	PCM_CLK	46	NC
47	PCM_RX	48	NC
49	PCM_TX	50	GND
51	PCM_SYNC	52	+V3.3A_MINI4

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Optional Internal WWAN SIM1 Card Socket For CN23

Connector location: CN25

C5 🗆	\bigcirc			C1
C6 🗆				🗆 C2
С7 🗀				🗆 C3
			0	

Optional Internal WWAN SIM2 Card Socket For CN21 or CN23

Connector location: CN26



Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
C1	SIM PWR	C5	GND
C2	SIM RST	C6	NC
C3	SIM CLK	C7	SIM DAT

Pin Definition Definition Pin C1 SIM PWR C5 GND C2 C6 NC SIM RST (3 C7 SIM DAT SIM CLK

Please contact sales for further information.

Please contact sales for further information.



Chapter 4: System Setup

Removing the Chassis Bottom Cover



Prior to removing the chassis cover, make sure the unit's power is off and disconnected from the power sources to prevent electric shock or system damage.

1. The screws circled on the front, sides and rear are used to secure the bottom cover to the chassis. Remove these screws and put them in a safe place for later use.



Front View



Rear View



Side View





Installing a SSD/HDD Drive

1. The two SSD/HDD bays on the front are used to install 2.5" hard drives. Loosen the thumb screws and remove the covers.

Note: The following instructions cover how to install a single 2.5" hard drive, but will also outline the steps to install the hard drive brackets for the two SSD/HDD bays.



2. Insert the hard drive into the drive bay with the SATA data and power connector facing towards the end. Align the hard drive's mounting holes with the mounting holes on the drive bay, and use the provided screws to secure the hard drive in place.





3. Connect the SATA data and power connectors to the two hard drive brackets and screw the connectors in place.



4. Remove the tape covers on the damper brackets.



screws

Chapter 4: System Setup

5. Place the dampers onto the damper brackets, then insert the damper brackets into the two hard drive brackets.





Mounting screws







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7. On the right side, similarly install the right hard drive bracket.



8. With both the hard drive bays installed, secure them together by tightening screws into the center where the two brackets meet.







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9. Connect the SATA data and power connectors to their respective connectors on the motherboard.









CN13 (SATA power) CN16 (SATA data) CN11 (SATA power) CN15 (SATA data)







Installing a WLAN Module (Half Mini-PCIe)

1. Locate the WLAN Mini PCI Express slot (CN22). Insert the module into the Mini PCI Express slot at a 45 degrees angle until the gold-plated connector on the edge of the module completely disappears inside the slot. Then fasten screws into the mounting holes to secure the module.



Mounting screws

Installing the First WWAN Module

1. Locate the WWAN Mini PCI Express slot (CN23). Insert the module into the Mini PCI Express slot at a 45 degrees angle until the gold-plated connector on the edge of the module completely disappears inside the slot. Then fasten screws into the mounting holes to secure the module.



Mounting screws



Installing the Second WWAN Module

1. Locate the WWAN Mini PCI Express slot (CN21). Insert the module into the Mini PCI Express slot at a 45 degrees angle until the gold-plated connector on the edge of the module completely disappears inside the slot. Then fasten screws into the mounting holes to secure the module.



Mounting screws



Installing a SO-DIMM

1. Push the ejector tabs which are at the ends of the socket outward. Then insert the module into the socket at an approximately 30 degrees angle. Apply firm even pressure to each end of the module until it slips down into the socket. The contact fingers on the edge of the module will almost completely disappear inside the socket.





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Installing a OBDII Module

1. Locate the OBDII connectors (JP3 and JP4).



2. Connect the OBDII module to JP4 and JP3 and secure the OBDII module with screws.



Mounting screws



Appendix A: Software Demo Utility for I/O Ports of Function Control

NEXCOM's software demo utility enables users to test and control different I/O port functions on the VTC 7200-BK series. This document shows how to use the utility.

There are also source code files of the utility in the CD. Users can refer to the source codes to develop their applications.

Menu Screen

atus	- GPIO Setting		-MCU GPIO Setting	WDT Setting	Power On Delay Time	CAN Bus Setting	- Interface Po
nition Status	GPO 1 Low -	GPI 💌	MCU GPO 1 Low -	Disable 💌	Disable 💌		USB No. 1
	GPO 1 Set GPI 1 Read	GPIO 1 Select	MCU GPO 1 Set	1 sec 💌	10 sec 💌	OBDII Module Reset	Enable
attery Status	GPO 2 Low GPO 2 Set GPI 2 Read	GPI GPIO 2 Select	MCLLCPO 2 Low	Set	Set	Set	Set
	GPO 3 Low	GPI -	MCLLGPD 2 Set	Clear Timer	Disable		USB No.5
out Voltage	GPO 3 Set GPI 3 Read	GPIO 3 Select			20 sec 🔻		Set
~36V	GPO 4 Low 🔻	GPI 👻			Set	OBDII Module Power Reset	GPS
Set	GPO 4 Set GPI 4 Read	GPIO 4 Select	MCU GPI 1 Read		Wake Up Function WWAN	Don't care ▼	Enable
tput Power	GPO 5 Set GPI 5 Read	GPIO 5 Select		Mini-PCIe CN21	Disable 🔻	Set	
ternal +12V	GPO 6 Low 🔻	GPO 🔻	MCU GPI 2 Read	Internal SIM CARD	Set		CN22
Set	GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read	GPIO 6 Select		SIM Card 1	Disable 💌	On Board CAN 2.0B Data Link Status	Enable
Bypass Car	GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read	GPIO 7 Select		Set	User Hour 00	Data link	Set
attery Power nable 💌	GPO 8 Low 👻	GPO 🔻	Event Button Read		User Minute 00	Get	CN19 Enable
Set	GPO 8 Set GPI 8 Read	GPIO 8 Select	Event Record Clear		Set		Set

1.1 Status

1.1.1 Ignition Status

Press the button of Ignition Status, the signal of ignition will be shown. ON Signal of ignition is high. OFF Signal of ignition is low.

1.1.2 Battery Status

Press the button of Battery Status, the status of battery voltage will be shown. Low voltage Car battery is at low voltage.

OK Car battery is not at low voltage.



1.2 Input Voltage

Shows the setting of input voltage in SW8 DIP switch. If the setting is 12V: 12V is shown

If the setting is 24V: 24V is shown

If the setting is 9V~36V: 9V~36V is shown

Input Voltage			
9V~	36V		
		-	
	Set		



1.3 Output Power

1.3.1 External +12V

Enables or disables the output of 12VDC.

1.3.2 Bypass Car Battery Power

Enables or Disables the output of Car Battery Power.

Output Power
External +12V
Enable 👻
Set
Bypass Car Battery Power
Enable 💌
Set

1.4 GPIO Setting1.4.1 GPIO SelectDefines GPIO port as GPO or GPI.

1.4.2 GPO Set

Selects the GPO ports and makes the output low or high.

1.4.3 GPI Read

Reads the status of GPI.

GPO 1 Low ▼ GPI ▼ GPO 1 Set GPI 1 Read GPIO 1 Select GPO 2 Low ▼ GPI ▼ GPO 2 Set GPI 2 Read GPIO 2 Select GPO 3 Low ▼ GPI 3 Read GPIO 3 Select GPO 4 Set GPI 4 Read GPIO 4 Select GPO 5 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 6 Set GPI 5 Read GPIO 5 Select GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPIO 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPIO Setting		
GPO 1 Set GPI 1 Read GPIO 1 Select GPO 2 Low ▼ GPI GPI GPO 2 Set GPI 2 Read GPIO 2 Select GPO 3 Low ▼ GPI GPI GPO 3 Set GPI 3 Read GPIO 3 Select GPO 4 Low ▼ GPI GPI GPO 4 Low ▼ GPI GPI GPO 5 Low ▼ GPI 4 Read GPIO 4 Select GPO 5 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 6 Low ▼ GPO 0 GPO ▼ GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPIO 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPO 1 Low 💌		GPI 💌
GPO 2 Low ▼ GPI ▼ GPO 2 Set GPI 2 Read GPIO 2 Select GPO 3 Low ▼ GPI 3 Read GPIO 3 Select GPO 4 Set GPI 4 Read GPIO 4 Select GPO 5 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 6 Low ▼ GPI 5 Read GPIO 5 Select GPO 6 Low ▼ GPI 6 Read GPIO 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPO 1 Set	GPI 1 Read	GPIO 1 Select
GPO 2 Set GPI 2 Read GPIO 2 Select GPO 3 Low ▼ GPI GPI GPO 3 Set GPI 3 Read GPIO 3 Select GPO 4 Low ▼ GPI GPI GPO 4 Set GPI 4 Read GPIO 4 Select GPO 5 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 6 Low ▼ GPI 5 Read GPIO 5 Select GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPIO 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPO 2 Low 💌		GPI 💌
GPO 3 Low ▼ GPI ▼ GPO 3 Set GPI 3 Read GPIO 3 Select GPO 4 Low ▼ GPI ▼ GPI ▼ GPO 4 Set GPI 4 Read GPIO 4 Select GPO 5 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 6 Low ▼ GPI 6 Read GPIO 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPO 2 Set	GPI 2 Read	GPIO 2 Select
GPO 3 Set GPI 3 Read GPIO 3 Select GPO 4 Low ▼ GPI ▼ GPO 4 Set GPI 4 Read GPIO 4 Select GPO 5 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 5 Set GPI 5 Read GPIO 5 Select GPO 6 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPIO 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPO 3 Low 💌		GPI 💌
GPO 4 Low GPI GPO 4 Set GPI 4 Read GPO 5 Low GPI 5 Read GPO 5 Set GPI 5 Read GPO 6 Low GPO GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPO 7 Low GPO GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPI 7 Select	GPO 3 Set	GPI 3 Read	GPIO 3 Select
GPO 4 Set GPI 4 Read GPIO 4 Select GPO 5 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 5 Set GPI 5 Read GPIO 5 Select GPO 6 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPIO 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPO 4 Low 💌		GPI 💌
GPO 5 Low GPO GPO 5 Set GPI 5 Read GPO 6 Low GPO GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPO 7 Low GPO GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPI 0 7 Set GPI 7 Read	GPO 4 Set	GPI 4 Read	GPIO 4 Select
GPO 5 Set GPI 5 Read GPIO 5 Select GPO 6 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPIO 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPO 5 Low 💌		GPO 💌
GPO 6 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPI0 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPI0 7 Select	GPO 5 Set	GPI 5 Read	GPIO 5 Select
GPO 6 Set GPI 6 Read GPIO 6 Select GPO 7 Low ▼ GPO ▼ GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPO 6 Low 💌		GPO 💌
GPO 7 Low GPO GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPI 7 Select	GPO 6 Set	GPI 6 Read	GPIO 6 Select
GPO 7 Set GPI 7 Read GPIO 7 Select	GPO 7 Low 💌		GPO 💌
	GPO 7 Set	GPI 7 Read	GPIO 7 Select
GPO 8 Low V GPO V	GPO 8 Low 💌		GPO 💌
GPO 8 Set GPI 8 Read GPIO 8 Select	GPO 8 Set	GPI 8 Read	GPIO 8 Select
GPU 8 Set GPI 8 Read GPI 0 8 Select	GPO 8 Set	GPI 8 Read	GPIO 8 Select



1.5 MCU GPIO Setting 1.5.1 MCU GPO Set

Selects MCU GPO ports and makes the output low or high.

1.5.2 MCU GPI Status

Shows the status of the MCU GPI.



1.5.3 Event Button Read

Shows the status of Event Button. Normal: 0 (default) Triggered: 1

1.5.4 Event Record Clear

Clears the event record in MCU.

Event Button Read
Event Record Clear

1.6 WDT Setting

Enables or disables the WDT function. There are 9 selections of time. The timer of WDT can also be cleared by Clear Timer button.

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1.7 WWAN Module

1.7.1 Mini-PCle CN21

Selects SIM2 or SIM3 card.

1.7.2 Mini-PCle CN23

Selects SIM1 or SIM2 card.

WWAN MODULE				
Mini-PCIe CN21				
Internal SIM CARD 💌				
Mini-PCIe CN23				
SIM Card 1				
Set				

1.8 Power On Delay Time

Enables or disables the power on delay time function. There are 8 selections of delay time.

-Power On Delay Time -				
Disable	•			
10 sec	_			
10 300	<u> </u>			
Set				

1.9 Power Off Delay Time

Enables or disables the power off delay time function. There are 8 selections of delay time.

Power Off Del	ay Time -
Disable	-
20 sec	•
Set	



1.10 Wake Up Function

1.10.1 WWAN

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Enables or disables the standby power to Mini-PCIe socket (CN23) for wake-up function.

** The wake-up function is triggered by external RING or SMS.

1.10.2 RTC

Enables or disables the RTC wake up function. The timer setting of RTC is located in BIOS setting.



1.11 CAN Bus Setting 1.11.1 OBDII Module Reset Reset OBDII module.

1.11.2 OBDII Module Power Reset

Reset the power of OBDII module.

1.11.3 On Board CAN2.0B Data Link Status

Reads the connection status of on board CAN2.0B





1.12 Interface Power

1.12.1 USB No.13

Enables or disables the power to USB ports (No.13) on rear panel.

*In order to make all input devices (such as mouse and keyboard) work correctly, please do not disable USB No.13 and No.5 at the same time.

1.12.2 USB No.5

Enables or disables the power to USB ports (No.5) on front panel.

1.12.3 GPS

Enables or disables the power to GPS module.



1.13 Mini-PCle Power 1.13.1 CN22

Enables or disables the power to USB port on CN22.

1.13.2 CN19

Enables or disables the power to USB port on CN19.





Appendix B: GPS Feature

uBlox-NEO M8 Overview

The NEO-M8 series of standalone concurrent GNSS modules is built on the exceptional performance of the u-blox M8 GNSS (GPS, GLONASS, Galileo, BeiDou, QZSS and SBAS) engine in the industry proven NEO form factor.

The NEO-M8 series provides high sensitivity and minimal acquisition times while maintaining low system power. The NEO-M8M is optimized for cost sensitive applications, while NEO-M8N and NEO-M8Q provide best performance and easier RF integration. The NEO form factor allows easy migration from previous NEO generations. Sophisticated RF-architecture and interference suppression ensure maximum performance even in GNSS-hostile environments.

The NEO-M8 combines a high level of robustness and integration capability with flexible connectivity options. The future-proof NEO-M8N includes an internal Flash that allows simple firmware upgrades for supporting additional GNSS systems. This makes NEO-M8 perfectly suited to industrial and automotive applications.

The DDC (I2C compliant) interface provides connectivity and enables synergies with most u-blox cellular modules. For RF optimization the NEO-M8N/Q features an additional front-end LNA for easier antenna integration and a front-end SAW filter for increased jamming immunity.

u-blox M8 modules use GNSS chips qualified according to AEC-Q100, are manufactured in ISO/TS 16949 certified sites, and fully tested on a system level. Qualification tests are performed as stipulated in the ISO16750 standard: "Road vehicles – Environmental conditions and testing for electrical and electronic equipment".

Technical Specifications

Features

Receiver type	72-channel u-blox M8 engine GPS/QZSS L1 C/A, GLONASS L10F, BeiDou B1 SBAS L1 C/A: WAAS, EGNOS, MSAS Galileo-ready E1B/C (NEO-M8N)		
Nav. update rate ¹	Single GNSS: up to 18 Hz		
	Concurrent GNSS: up	to 10 Hz	
Position accuracy	2.0 m CEP		
		NEO-M8N/Q	NEO-M8M
Acquisition	Cold starts: Aided starts: Reacquisition:	26 s 2 s 1 s	27 s 4 s 1 s
Sensitivity	Tracking & Nav: Cold starts: Hot starts:	–167 dBm –148 dBm –156 dBm	–164 dBm –147 dBm –156 dBm
Assistance	AssistNow GNSS Online AssistNow GNSS Offline (up to 35 days) AssistNow Autonomous (up to 6 days) OMA SUPL & 3GPP compliant		
Oscillator	TCXO (NEO-M8N/Q), Crystal (NEO-M8M)		
RTC crystal	Built-in		
Noise figure	On-chip LNA (NEO-M8M). Extra LNA for lowest noise figure (NEO-M8N/Q)		

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Features cont.

Anti jamming	Active CW detection and removal. Extra onboard SAW band pass filter (NEO-M8N/Q)
Memory	ROM (NEO-M8M/Q) or Flash (NEO-M8N)
Supported antennas	Active and passive
Odometer	Travelled distance
Data-logger	For position, velocity, and time (NEO-M8N)
¹ For NEO-M8M/Q	

Electrical data

Supply voltage	1.65 V to 3.6 V (NEO-M8M)
	2.7 V to 3.6 V (NEO-M8N/Q)
Power consumption ²	23 mA @ 3.0 V (continuous) 5 mA @ 3.0 V Power Save Mode (1 Hz, GPS only)
Backup Supply	1.4 to 3.6 V

² NEO-M8M

Interfaces

Serial interfaces	1 UART 1 USBV2.0 full speed 12 Mbit/s 1 SPI (optional) 1 DDC (I ² C compliant)
Digital I/O	Configurable timepulse 1 EXTINT input for Wakeup
Timepulse	Configurable 0.25 Hz to 10 MHz
Protocols	NMEA, UBX binary, RTCM

Package

Pinout

24 pin LCC (Leadless Chip Carrier): 12.2 x 16.0 x 2.4 mm, 1.6 g

13	GND		GND	12
14	ANT_ON/Reserved		RF_IN	11
15	Reserved		GND	10
16	Reserved		VCC_RF	9
17	Reserved		RESET_N	8
NFO-M8				
18	SDA	Ton View	VDD_USB	7
19	SCL		USB_DP	6
20	TxD		USB_DM	5
21	RxD		EXTINT	4
22	V_BCKP		TIMEPULSE	3
23	VCC		D_SEL	2
24	GND		Reserved	1

Environmental data, quality & reliability

Operating temp.	–40° C to 85° C	
Storage temp.	–40° C to 85° C (NEO-M8N/Q) –40° C to 105° C (NEO-M8M)	
RoHS compliant (lead-free)		
Qualification according to ISO 16750		
Manufactured and fully tested in ISO/TS 16949 certified production sites		
Uses u-blox M8 chips qualified according to AEC-Q100		


Appendix C: Signal Connection of DI/DO

GPIO Pinout Description



Pin	Definition
9	GPIO1 (Default: GPI1)
10	GPIO2 (Default: GPI2)
11	GPIO3 (Default: GPI3)
12	GPIO4 (Default: GPI4)
13	GPIO5 (Default: GPO1)
14	GPIO6 (Default: GPO2)
15	GPIO7 (Default: GPO3)
16	GPIO8 (Default: GPO4)

GPIO can be programmed by S/W. Please refer to the source code in utility.

SW1 Setting



DIP SW 2X8

GPIO (SW1)		
On	Pull up VCC5	
Off	Don't Care	

Default Settings:

GPIO (SW1)		
SW1.1~SW1.8	Pull up VCC5	



Digital Input

CN3 connector for GPI signal (digital signal input) The CN3 has 4 digital input channels by default.

Wet Contact (default) The GPI signals have a pull up resistor to 5V internally.

The figure below shows how to connect an external output source to one of the input channel.





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Digital Output

CN3 connector for GPO signal (digital signal output) The CN3 connector has 4 digital output channels by default. The signal connection of CN3 support two connected methods for output signal type.

The output signal has two states, one is low level (driven to 0V from GPO signal) other is open (high voltage is provided from external device).

Wet Contact (default)

The SW1 needs to switch to "ON" state. The GPO signal will have a pull up resistor to 5V internally when you switch "SW1" to "ON" state. The output signal has two states, one is low level (driven to 0V from GPO signal) other is high level (driven to 5V from GPO signal).

The figure below shows how to connect an external input source to one of the output channel.

Dry Contact

Each channel can accept 3~18Vdc voltage. And it is able to drive 150mA current for low level.

The SW1 needs to switch to "OFF" state. The GPO signal will no have a pull up resistor internally when you switch "SW1" to "OFF" state.

The figure below shows how to connect an external input source to one of the output channel.





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Appendix D: Signal Connection of MCU DI/DO and **Event Button**

MCU-DIO Pinout Description

Digital Input

The figure below shows how to connect an external output source to one of the input channel.

OFF (Open)





Pin	Definition	Pin	Definition
1	NC	2	NC
3	MCU-DO2	4	MCU-DO1
5	GND	6	NC
7	NC	8	MCU-DI1
9	MCU-DI2		

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DI

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HIGH



Digital Output

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Event Button

The figure below shows how to connect an external input source to one of the output channel.



1	2

Pin	Definition
1	Event Input
2	GND



(Status: Normal)

*When Pre-Alarm function is enabled.

(Status: Event Occurs)

*When Pre-Alarm function is enabled





Pre-Alarm Function by Event Button, MCU-DI and MCU-DO

Pre-Alarm function allows VTC 7200 to monitor the environment and make reaction, even when VTC 7200 is turned off.

By monitoring the environment with sensors connected to Event Button and MCU-DI ports, VTC 7200 can react to certain situations. For example, events triggered by external sensors, such as temperature change, instrusion or vibration, VTC 7200 can react accordingly by turning on the siren or warning light, and power on automatically for further action against the event.

Setting up Pre-Alarm function

MCU-DI1 is used to initiate Pre-Alarm function, which is usually connected to the vehicle's Central Locking System. As such, the Pre-Alarm function on VTC 7200 will be initiated or released based on the locking and unlocking state of the Central Locking System. For instance, when the Central Locking System is initiated or released, the Pre-Alarm function on VTC 7200 will be initiated or released, the Pre-Alarm function on VTC 7200 will be initiated or released.

Step 1: Enable/Disable Pre-Alarm function in BIOS

Select "Enable" or "Disable" to initiate or terminate Pre-Alarm function.

Step 2: Select the trigger threshold level in BIOS

For vehicles with electric central door lock, check the corresponding trigger type (negative or positive), then connect MCU-DI1 to Central Locking System in vehicle.

Negative level: < 3.3V Positive level: > 3.3V

If the Central Locking System is initiated (locking signal is received) by a negative signal, select "Low" in the trigger threshold level. Once the Central Locking System is released by a positive signal, the Pre-Alarm function on VTC 7200 will be released.

If Central Locking System is initiated (locking signal is received) by a positive signal, select "High" in the trigger threshold level. Once Central Locking System is released by a negative signal, the Pre-Alarm function on VTC 7200 will be released.

MCU-DI1 & MCU-DI2 (source type): 3~12VDC MCU-DO1 & MCU-DO2 (source type): 3~18VDC



Activating Pre-Alarm function

Step 1: Setup Pre-Alarm function

Step 2: Connect Event Button to sensor (such as reed switch)

Normally, the status of Event Button is "Short". Once the status becomes "Open", Event Button will be triggered.

Step 3: Connect MCU-DI2 to sensor

Normally, the status of MCU-DI2 is "Low". Once the status becomes "High", MCU-DI2 will be triggered.

Low level: < 3.3V High level: > 3.3V

Step 4: Connect MCU-DO1 and MCU-DO2 to external relays

Relays can be used to drive external devices (such as siren or warning light). Each MCU-DO port can wire a relay.

(Normal)

MCU-DO1 & MCU-DO2: OPEN

(Triggered)

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MCU-DO1 & MCU-DO2: GND

Step 5: Flag A and Flag C will become "1" automatically

Flag A: at I/O Address -- 0x0ED8 bit4 Flag C: at I/O Address -- 0x0ED8 bit5

Deactivating Pre-Alarm function (For Event Button) Option 1:

If Central Locking System is initiated by negative signal: When MCU-DI1 is "High", Pre-Alarm Function is deactivated.

If Central Locking System is initiated by positive signal: When MCU-DI1 is "Low", Pre-Alarm Function is deactivated.

Option 2:

Whiting"1" to the Flag B, Pre-Alarm Function will be deactivated. Flag B: at I/O Address -- 0x0ED8 bit2

Option 3:

When Ignition signal is "High", Pre-Alarm Function is deactivated.

(For MCU-DI2)

Option 1:

If Central Locking System is initiated by negative signal: When MCU-DI1 is "High", Pre-Alarm Function is deactivated.

If Central Locking System is initiated by positive signal: When MCU-DI1 is "Low", Pre-Alarm Function is deactivated.

Option 2:

Whiting"1" to the Flag B, Pre-Alarm Function will be deactivated. Flag B: at I/O Address -- 0x0ED8 bit2

Option 3:

When Ignition signal is "High", Pre-Alarm Function is deactivated.



Activating Pre-Alarm Function

(For Event Button)



(For MCU-DI2)

Example: When Central Locking System is initiated (locking signal is received) by negative signal, select "Low" in the trigger threshold level for MCU-DI1.





Deactivating Pre-Alarm Function

(For Event Button)



(For MCU-DI2)

Example: When Central Locking System is initiated (locking signal is received) by negative signal, select "Low" in the trigger threshold level for MCU-DI1.





Appendix E: Vehicle Power Management Setup

External Power Output Setting

VTC series has four modes for external power output setting.

- 1. External +12V and By Pass Car Battery Turn On Simultaneously
- 2. External +12V and By Pass Car Battery Turn Off Simultaneously
- 3. External +12V Turn On Only
- 4. By Pass Car Battery Turn On Only



Startup and Shutdown Voltage Setting

Set the startup voltage to 11.5V or 23V and the shutdown voltage to 10.5V or 21V If the input voltage is 12V: the startup voltage to 11.5V and the shutdown voltage to 10.5V.

If the input voltage is 24V: the startup voltage to 23V and the shutdown voltage to 21V.



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Set the startup voltage to 12.0V or 24V and the shutdown voltage to 11.0V or 22V

If the input voltage is 12V: the startup voltage to 12V and the shutdown voltage to 11V.

If the input voltage is 24V: the startup voltage to 24V and the shutdown voltage to 22V.

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 America Megatrends, Inc.				
Advanced				
Power Management Configuration ** External +12V & By Pass Car	a Battery Setting **	Startup,Shutdown Setting		
•** External Power [Turn On Both] *** External +12V & By Pass Car Battery Setting ** Input Voltage 9-36V Startup.Shutdown ((11.5.10.5)/(23.21)) **Delay Time Setting** Power On Delay Power Off Delay **: Startup.Shutdown (12.5, 11.0) / (24.22) (12.5, 11.5) / (25.23) **: Select Screen 1: Select Item **: Select Screen **: Select Screen **: Select Screen <				
Version 2.14.1219.	Copyright (C) 2010 American Meg	atrends, Inc.		

Set the startup voltage to 12.5V or 25V and the shutdown voltage to 11.0V or 22V

If the input voltage is 12V: the startup voltage to 12.5V and the shutdown voltage to 11V.

If the input voltage is 24V: the startup voltage to 25V and the shutdown voltage to 22V.

Power Management Configura	tion	Startup,Shutdown Setting
** External +12V & By Pass O	ar Battery Setting **	
External Power	[Turn On Both]	
** External +12V & By Pass O	ar Battery Setting **	
Input Voltage	9-36V	
Startup.Shutdown	[(11.5.10.5)/(23,21)]	
Delay Time Setting	Startup,Shutdown	
Power On Delay	(11.5, 10.5) / (23,21)	
· · · · · ·	(12.0, 11.0) / (24,22)	
Power Off Delay	(12.5, 11.0) / (25,22)	act : Salact Screen
	(12.5, 11.5) / (25,23)	↓: Select Item
		inter: Select
		F1: General Help
		F2: Previous Values
		F3: Optimized Defaults
		F4: Save & Exit

.

Set the startup voltage to 12.5V or 25V and the shutdown voltage to 11.0V or 22V

If the input voltage is 12V: the startup voltage to 12.5V and the shutdown voltage to 11.5V.

If the input voltage is 24V: the startup voltage to 25V and the shutdown voltage to 23V.

Power Management Configura	tion	Startup,Shutdown Setting
** External +12V & By Pass C External Power ** External +12V & By Pass C nput Voltage	ar Battery Setting ** [Turn On Both] ar Battery Setting ** 9-36V	
Delay Time Setting Power On Delay Power Off Delay	<u>Startup,Shutdown</u> (11.5, 10.5) / (23,21) (12.0, 11.0) / (24,22) (12.5, 11.0) / (25,22) (12.5, 11.5) / (25,23)	+: Select Screen 1: Select Item nte: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit

Power-on Delay Setting

Disable Power-on Delay

Power Management Configura	tion	External +12V & By Pass Car Battery Poewer Setting
** External +12V & By Pass (External Power	Car Battery Setting ** [Turn On Both]	
** External +12V & By Pass (Input Voltage <mark>Startup.Shutdown</mark>	Car Battery Setting ** 9-36V [(11.5.10.5)/(23,21)]	
Delay Time Setting Power On Delay	[Disable]	
Power Off Delay	[Disable]	→+: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit



Enable Power-on Delay

.

Delay time can be set at 10sec/30sec/1min./5min./10min./15min./30min./1hour.







Power-off Delay Setting

Disable Power-off Delay

Aptio Setup Utility - Copyright (C) 2010 America Megatrends, Inc.		
Advanced		
Power Management Configura	tion	External +12V & By Pass Car Battery Poewer Setting
** External +12V & By Pass Car Battery Setting ** External Power [Turn On Both]		
** External +12V & By Pass C	ar Battery Setting **	
Input Voltage	9-36V	
Startup.Shutdown	[(11.5.10.5)/(23,21)]	
Delay Time Setting		
Power On Delay	[Disable]	
Power Off Delay	[Disable]	 →→-: Select Screen 1): Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit
Version 2.14.121	9. Copyright (C) 2010 American Me	egatrends. Inc.

Enable Power-off Delay

Delay time can be set at 20sec/1min./5min./10min./30min./1hour/6hour/ 18hour.

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Advanced			
Power Management Configuration	Delay Off Delay Setting		
** External +12V & By Pass Car Battery Sett External Power [Turn	ng ** On Both]		
** External +12V & By Pass Car Battery Sett	ng **		
Input Voltage 9-36V			
Startup.Shutdown [(11.5.	10.5)/(23,21)]		
Input Voltage 9-36V Startup.Shutdown [(11.5.10.5)/(23,21)] **Delay Time Setting** Power On Delay Power Off Delay			
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Appendix F: OBDII Module Setup and Command

OBDII Module



VTC series offer an option to integrate the OBDII module, VIOX-CAN01, into VTC system. The form factor of this VIOX-CAN01 is proprietary and it can support either SAE J1939 or SAE J1708 via connection in the first time. The maximum VIOX-CAN01 installed in VTC series is up to three units. Please note they are factory option.

VIOX-CAN01 Setup

When you start connecting VTC device to CAN bus device, you need a terminal program to send and receive data. To use the terminal program, please follow the setting below.

(1) Set the proper corresponding "COM" port and its data rate is 9600(2) Set data bits at 8, stop bit at 1 and no parity bits.

After the setting, you will see the prompt with ">" character. This indicates that the device is in the idle state and ready to receive characters on the COM port.

If you do not see prompt string, please reset the device with ATR (reset) command and then press the return key:

>ATR or >AT R (spaces are optional; and case is in-sensetive).

You can also type HEX code instead: "41", "54", "5A", "0D"

If you see strange characters instead of ">", you may set the incorrect baud rate. Please check baud rate. If you send the incorrect command, the device will show a single question mark ("?") to indicate your input is not understood. If VTC fails to link to the BUS, it will show "PLEASE REBOOT".

Once VTC connect to BUS, it will start to try which protocol is connected either J1939 or J1708. Once it is determined, it will only accept the successful protocol next time unless using ATR command to reset it. This means you can change the protocol by reset command. After the reset command, please power off the device and turn on it again.

In case, the device cannot find correct protocol after 180 seconds, it will enter sleeping mode for power saving.

There are several output format available for the different application including:

(1) Simple Data by ASCII Code

(2) Raw Data

(3) Packaged Messages by ASCII or HEX code.

The default setting is Simple Data Format. The device will send messages out after it communicates with vehicle successfully. The output format can be changed via setting the AT command. Please refer the following section of AT command.

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AT Command Summary

@1	AT@1: Display version information
BRxy	Setting RS232 baud rate. xy is baud rate parameter. ATBR09: 9600 ATBR19: 19200 ATBR38: 38400 ATBR57: 57600 ATBR99: 115200
Eh	ATE0: echo off(Default) ATE1; echo on
Т	ATT: Terminate sending. To use ATS will continue it.
1	ATI : Request vehicle ID, the length is variable. 1.) J1708: Output format: ASCII code Byte 0:0x2A Byte 1: Vehicle ID byte 1 Byte 2: Vehicle ID byte 2 Byte N:Vehicle ID byte N Byte N+1: Check Sum=Byte 1+Byte2++Byte N Byte N+2:0x0D Byte N+3:0x0A N: Max 20 2.)J1939 Byte 0:0x2A Byte 1: Vehicle ID byte 1 Byte 2: Vehicle ID byte 1 Byte 2: Vehicle ID byte 2 Byte N:Vehicle ID byte 2 Byte N+1: Check Sun= Byte1+Byte2 +ByteN Byte N+1: Check Sun= Byte1+Byte2 +ByteN Byte N+1:0x0D Byte N+2:0x0A N: Max 35

PA	ATPA: Print data by ASCII CODE format
PH	ATPH: Print data by HEX CODE format
RJ	ATRJ: Request J1939 FMS High Resolution Total Vehicle Distance #33~#36
RH	ATRH: Request Hino Truck Total vehicle distance (#33~#36)
S	ATS: Continue auto-send data every 100~200ms. To use ATT will terminal it.
SS	ATSS: Auto- send Simple Data every 100~200 ms. Refer to Simple Data format Protocol
SP	ATSP: Auto-send Packaging Messages every 100~200 ms. Refer to Packaging Messages protocol.
SR	ATSR: Auto-send J1939/J1708 Raw Data, Refer to Raw Data Protocol.
x	ATX: Request to send data of alternate, data format as ATS/ATSP command. For J1939 protocol: Packing1→Packing2→Packing 3→Packing4→Packing5→ Packing6→Packing1 For J1708 protocol: Packing1→Packing2→Packing 3→Packing4→Packing5→ Packing1
#xy	AT#xy: The command will print designated data by ASCII code. "xy" is data address, it is decimal. J1708: 00~53 J1939: 00~99. EX: AT#01, to get speed high byte.



Simple Data Protocol: (ASCII CODE)

Data	Description
HEAD	@
Byte 0	,
Byte 1	Speed , (0~255) KM/HR
Byte 2	,
Byte 3	RPM High Byte (RPMHB)
Byte 4	,
Byte 5	RPM Low Byte(RPMLB), RPM=RPMHB*256+RPMLB
Byte 6	1
Byte 7	Engine Loading, (0~100%)
Byte 8	1
Byte 9	Battery Voltage (BV), = $(BV+100)/10 (v)$
Byte 10	,
Byte 11	Engine Temperature(ET), =ET-40°C
Byte 12	,
Byte 13	Throttle position 0~100 %
Byte 14	,
Byte 15	Status , Note 2
Byte 16	,
Byte 17	MAF (0~255), MAF RATE= MAF * 3;
Byte 18	,
Byte 19	Distance : D1
Byte 20	1
Byte 21	Distance: D2
Byte 22	,
Byte 23	FU, Average Fuel Economy (km/L) =Fu /10
Byte 24	,

	Check sum (odd numbers)= Byte1+ Byte3+Byte5+
Byte 25	Byte7+Byte9+Byte11+ Byte13+ Byte15+Byte17+
	Byte19+Byte21+Byte23
Byte 26	Carry return (0x0D)
Byte 27	Line feed (0x0A)



Simple Data Protocol: (HEX CODE)

Data	Description
HEAD	@ (=0x40)
Byte 1	Speed , (0~255) KM/HR
Byte 2	RPM High Byte (RPMHB)
Byte 3	RPM Low Byte(RPMLB), RPM=RPMHB*256+RPMLB
Byte 4	Engine Loading, (0~100%)
Byte 5	Battery Voltage (BV), = $(BV+100)/10 (v)$
Byte 6	Engine Temperature(ET), =ET-40°C
Byte 7	Engine Loading, (0~100%)
Byte 8	Status , Note 2
Byte 9	MAF (0~255), MAF RATE= MAF * 3;
Byte 10	Distance: D1
Byte 11	Distance: D2
Byte 12	FU, Average Fuel Economy (km/L) =Fu /10
Duto 12	TCheck sum (odd numbers)= Byte1+ Byte2+Byte3+ Byte4+
byte 15	Byte5+Byte6+ Byte7+ Byte8+Byte9+ Byte10+ Byte11+Byte12
Byte 14	Carry return (0x0D)
Byte 15	Line feed (0x0A)

NOTE:

1.) Data format : ASCII CODE @, 78, 0E, 70, 00, 03, 98, 28, Status, MAF, D1, D2, Fu, CS speed=78 km/hr rpm=0x0E70= 3696 2.) status: Bit 7: 0: Normal 1: Emergency Braking (Acceleration < -6 m/s2) Bit 6: 0: Brake OFF 1: Brake ON Bit 5 0: Clutch OFF 1: clutch ON Bit 4 0: Cruise Control OFF 1: Cruise Control ON Bit 3: 0: Brake (ON/OFF) unavailable 1: Brake(ON/OFF) available Bit 2: 0:Clutch (ON/OFF) unavailable 1: Clutch (ON/OFF) available Bit 1: 0: Cruise Control (ON/OFF) unavailable 1: Cruise Control (ON/OFF) available Bit O: 0: NORMAL 1: DTC ON 2.) Distance = D1*256+D23.) Average Fuel Economy =Fu /10

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J1939 Raw Data Protocol (HEX CODE)

Support for J1939 PGN / SPN access as defined in the J1939 standards. This function will report all PGNs and their source node on the J1939 network.

Each SPN under this function should be set to a size of 32 bits.

J1939	Format
Byte 0	@ (=0x40)
Byte 1	Bit4,3,2: Priority Bit0: Data Page Bit1,5,6,7:Reversed
Byte 2	PDU Format (PF)
Byte 3	PDU Specific (PS)
Byte 4	Source Address
Byte 5	Data1
Byte 6	Data2
Byte 7	Data3
Byte 8	Data4
Byte 9	Data5
Byte 10	Data6
Byte 11	Data7
Byte 12	Data8
Byte 13	Check Sum
Byte 14	OxOD
Byte 15	0x0A

J1708 Raw Data Protocol (HEX CODE)

This function will report all MID and PID that broadcasting on the J1708 network. Its data length is not fixed, please refer to SAEJ1708.

J1939	Format	PIDs 128-191	PIDs 0-127
Byte 0	@ (= 0x40)	@ (= 0x40)	@ (= 0x40)
Byte 1	Message identification (MID)	MID	MID
Byte 2	Parameter identification (PID)	PID	PID
Byte 3	Number of data bytes	Data1	Data1
Byte 4	Data 1	Data2	Check Sum
Byte 5	Data 2	Check Sum	0x0D
Byte 6		0x0D	0x0A
Byte 7	Data N	0x0A	
Byte 8	Check Sum		
Byte 9	0x0D		
Byte 10	0x0A		

PIDs 0-127 describe data parameters that are one byte long.

PIDs 128-191 describe data parameters that consist of two bytes.

PIDs 192-253 The first byte following these PIDs will contain the number of data parameter bytes.

EX:

MID=128

0x40	0x80	0x15	0x01	0x32	0xC8	0x0D	0x0A
64	128	21	1	50	200	130	10

PID=21 (Engine ECU temperature) Data=50



J1939 Packaged Messages Protocol

ATS: send packaged messages by turns.						
Response HEX	CODE (default) after A	TPH command				
Packing 1:	Packing 2:	Packing 3:				
Byte 0:" @" ,(0x40)	Byte 0: " @" ,(0x40)	Byte 0: " @" ,(0x40)				
Byte 1: "1", (0x31)	Byte 1: "2",(0x32)	Byte 1: "3",(0x33)				
Byte 2: #00	Byte 2: #18	Byte 2: #36				
Byte 3: #01	Byte 3: #19	Byte 3: #37				
Byte 19:#17	Byte 19:#35	Byte 19:#53				
Byte 20:	Byte 20:	Byte 20:				
Check sum =	Check sum = Byte2	Check sum = Byte2				
Byte2 ++Byte 19	++Byte 19	++Byte 19				
Byte 21: 0X0D	Byte 21: 0X0D	Byte 21: 0X0D				
Byte 22: 0X0A	Byte 22: 0X0A	Byte 22: 0X0A				
Packing 4:	Packing 5:	Packing 6:				
Byte 0:" @" ,(0x40)	Byte 0: " @" ,(0x40)	Byte 0: " @" ,(0x40)				
Byte 1: "a",(0x41)	Byte 1: "b",(0x42)	Byte 1: "c",(0x43)				
Byte 2: #54	Byte 2: #72	Byte 2: #90				
Byte 3: #55	Byte 3: #73	Byte 3: #91				
Byte 19:#71	Byte 19:#89	Byte 14:#102				
Byte 20:	Byte 20:	Byte 19:0				
Check sum =	Check sum = Byte2	Byte 20:				
Byte2 ++Byte 19	++Byte 19	Check sum = Byte2				
Byte 21: 0X0D	Byte 21: 0X0D	++Byte 19				
Byte 22: 0X0A	Byte 22: 0X0A	Byte 21: 0X0D				
		Byte 22: 0X0A				

NOTE :

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1. AT#00 ~ AT#102 respond ASCII CODE format data.

- 2. Packing 6, Byte15~Byte19 not defined (set to "0")
- 3. After ATPA command, byte 21& 22 were ignored.

4. This is the common J1939 measurement overview showing which measurements are available. Note that not all measurements are supported by the individual engines.

#00	Speed Low Byte (SLB)								
#01	Speed High Byte (SHB)								
	speed=(SHB*256+SLB)/256								
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO	
#02	Clutch swit	ch	Brake swite	h	NOT USED		Cruise control active		
102	00 = pedal	released	00 = pedal released				00 = svvitcł	00 = switched off	
	01 = pedal	depressed	01 = pedal	depressed			01 = switch	ned on	
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO	
	B7: Emerg	jency brak	e(-6m/s2)	PTO state					
#03	B6: speed	up (6m/s2	2)	00000 = 0	ff/disabled				
	B5: Double Emergency brake			00101 = Set					
	(over - 12m/sz) (11111 = not available 1: Enable, 0:Disable								
	0.4 % / Bit gain. Accelerator Pedal Position(APP) . 0 to 100 %								
#04	APP= Data* 0.4								
#05	Engine Total Fuel used 0,5 L / Bit gain , ETF1								
#06	Engine T	otal Fuel	used 0,5	5 L / Bit g	ain , ETF	2			
#07	Engine T	otal Fuel	used 0,5	5 L / Bit g	ain , ETF	3			
	Engine Total Fuel used 0,5 L / Bit gain , ETF4								
#08	Engine Total Fuel used								
	=((ETF4*	=((ETF4*256*256*256)+(ETF3*256*256)+(ETF2*256)+ETF1)*0.5							
#∩a	Fuel Leve	el (FL) , O	to 100 °	%,0.4 %	5/bit				
#05	Fuel Leve	el=FL*0.4	1						
#10	RPM Lov	v byte, R	L						
#11	RPM Hig	h byte, F	RH						
#11	RPM= (RH*256+ RL)* 0.125								



	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO	
		NOT USED Engine Starter Mode							
	B7: 1, To	tal Vehic	le Distar	ice is pro	vided by	vehicle l	ECU		
	0, Total \	Vehicle D	istance i	s calcula	tion value	5			
	B3~B0:								
	0000 start not requested								
	0001 sta	irter activ	/e, gear i	not enga	ged				
	0010 sta	irter activ	/e, gear e	engaged					
	0011 sta	irt finishe	ed; starte	er not act	ive after	having b	peen acti	vely	
#12	engaged	?							
<i>π</i> 1 <i>∠</i>	(after 50	ms mode	e goes to	0000)?					
	0100 sta	irter inhik	pited due	e to engi	ne alreac	ly runnin	g		
	0101 sta	irter inhik	pited due	e to engi	ne not re	ady for s	start (pre	heating)	
	0110 sta	0110 starter inhibited due to driveline engaged							
	0111 sta	0111 starter inhibited due to active immobilizer							
	1000 sta	1000 starter inhibited due to starter over-temp							
	1001-1011 Reserved								
	1100 starter inhibited - reason unknown								
	1101 error								
	1111 not available								
	Axle loca	ation The	value 0	xFF indica	ates not a	available			
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO	
	Axle loca	tion Bit-ma	apped pos	ition	Tire location Bit-mapped counting left				
	forward	counting fr	ont to bac	ck facing	to right facing forward				
#13	F = not a	vailable			The low order 4 bits represent a				
	position r	number, co	ounting fro	ont to	position number, counting left to right				
	back on t	he vehicle	. B7,B6,B5	,B4	when facing in the direction of normal			of normal	
	Axle loca	tion Bit-ma	apped pos	ition	vehicle tra	avel			
	forward	counting fr	ont to bac	ck facing					
	Listward.								

#14	Axle weight 0.5 kg / Bit gain (Low Byte),AWL
#1E	Axle weight 0.5 kg / Bit gain (High Byte), AWH
#15	Weight=(AWH*256+AWL)*0.5
#16	Engine total hours of Operation, EH1
#17	Engine total hours of Operation, EH2
#18	Engine total hours of Operation, EH3
	Engine total hours of Operation, EH4
#19	Accumulated
	time=((EH4*256*256*256)+(EH3*256*256)+(EH2*256)+EH1)*0.05
#20	Vehicle identification number, aabbccddeeffgghh (If the Vehicle ID
	contains more than 8 Bytes then #20~#27 are "00", please use ATI
#27	command to request.
#20	aa
#21	bb
#22	сс
#23	dd
#24	ee
#25	ff
#26	<u>gg</u>
#27	hh
#28	Engine Percent Load At Current Speed (0~125 %)
#29	SW-version supported for trucks, Version number in the format
	ab.cd where this byte represents ASCII code #29 : "a" , #30: 'b',
#32	#31:'c' , #32:'d'
#33	High Resolution Total Vehicle Distance 5 m/bit 0 to 21 055 406 km
	=((D4*256*256*256)+(D3*256*256)+(D2*256)+(D2*256)+D1)*(0.005)(KM)
#36	
#33	D1
#34	D2



#35	D3							
#36	D4							
#37	The distance which can be traveled by the vehicle before the next							
	service ir	nspectior	n is requi	red				
#38	SERV=(V	2*256+\	/1)*5-16	60635 (K	M)			
#37	V1							
#38	V2							
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#39	Vehicle motion(B7,B6): 00 = Vehicle motion not detected 01 = vehicle motion detected		Driv. 2 working stat state (B5,B4,B3) _o G 000 = Rest 001 = Driver available 010 = Work 011 = Drive 110 = Error 111 = not available			Driv. 1 working state (B2,B1,B0): 000 = Rest 001 = Driver available 010 = Work 011 = Drive 110 = Error 111 = not avaiable		
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
	Vehicle Overspeed Driver 1 card Driver 1 time related state						ate	
#40	B7B6B3B4B3B2B1B0Vehicle OverspeedDriver 1 cardDriver 1 time related stateVehicle Over speed (B7,B6).GIndicates whether the vehicle is exceeding the legal speed limit set in the tachograph.00 = No over speed01 = Over speed Driver 1 card (B5,B4)00 = Card not present01 = Card presentDriver 1 time related state (B3,B2,B1,B0).GIndicates if the driver approaches or exceeds working time limits (or other limits).0000 = normal0001 = 15 min bef. 4.5 h0010 = 4.5 h reached0101 = 15 min bef. 9 h0100 = 9 h reached0110 = 16 h reached							

	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO	
#41	NOT USED		Driver 2 card (B5,B4) 00 = Card not present 01= Card present		Driver 2 time related state (B3,B2,B1,B0), Glndicates if the driver approaches or exceeds working time limits (or other limits). 0000 = normal 0001 = 15 min bef. 4.5 h 0010 = 4.5 h reached 0011 = 15 min bef. 9 h 0100 = 9 h reached 0101 = 15 min bef. 16 h 0110 = 16h reached 1110 = Error 1111 = not available				
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO	
	Direction indicator		Tachgraph performance		Handling information		System event		
#42	Direction indicator (B7,B6).G 00 = Forward 01 = Reverse Tachgraph performance (B5,B4) 00 = Normal performance 01 = Performance analysis Handling information (B3,B2) 00 = no handling information 01 = handling information System event (B1,B0) 00 = no tachogr. Event 01 = tachogr. Event								
#43 #44	Tachogr. Speed= (vehicle s ((VS2*25	speed 1/2 66)+VS1),	256 km/ł ⁄256	n Bit gain				
#43	VS1								
#44	VS2								

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#45	Engine Coolant Temperature(ECT) , -40 to 210 deg C ECT=data-40°C	#55	Ambient Air Temperature: Temperature of air surrounding vehicle. AAT=(AATH* 256+AATL)*0.03125 -273 deg C
#46	Engine Turbocharger Boost Pressure(ETBP), 2 kPa/bit , 0~500 KPA ETPB=data *2 (KPA)	#56	#55: AATL #56: AATH
#47	Engine Intake Manifold 1 Temperature(EIMT) , -40 to 210 deg C EIMT=data-40°C		Door Control 1: Bit 7.Bit6: Status 2 of doors
#48	Bit7,6 Anti-Lock Braking (ABS) Active.G 00 - ABS passive but installed 01 - ABS active 10 – Reserved 11 - Not available Bit5~Bit0: Resvered.		00 = all bus doors disabled 01 = at least 1 bus door enabled 10 = error 11 = not available Bit 5, Bit4: Ramp/Wheel chairlift 00 = inside bus
#49	Brake Pedal Position (BPP), 0.4 %/bit, 0~100% BPP=data*0.4 (%)	#57	01 = outside bus 10 = Error
#50	Parking and/or Trailer Air Pressure(PTAP), 8 kPa/bit PTAP=data *8 (KPA)		11 = not available Bit 3,2,1,0 : Position of doors
#51	Service Brake Air Pressure Circuit #1 (SBAPC1), 8 kPa/bit SBAPC1=data*8 (KPA)		0000 = at least 1 door is open 0001 = closing last door
#52	Service Brake Air Pressure Circuit #2 (SBAPC2), 8 kPa/bit SBAPC2=data*8 (KPA)		0010 = all doors closed 1110 = Error
#53	Parking Brake Switch 00 = Parking brake not set 01 = Parking brake set		1111 = not available Door Control 2, #58~#65 Lock Status:
#54	Bit 1 ,Bit 0: Diagnostics supported 00 = diagnostics is not supported 01 = diagnostics is supported 10 = reserved 11 = don't care Bit 3 ,Bit 2: Requests supported 00 = request is not supported 01 = request is supported 10 = reserved 11 = don't care	#58 #56	locked→doors cannot be operated by the driver or a passenger unlocked→door may be operated by the driver or a passenger Open Status: closed→door is completely closed open→door is not completely closed Enable Status: disabled→door cannot be opened by a passenger enabled→door can be opened by a passenger



	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#58	Bit 7, Bit	6: Lock	Bit 5,Bit 4: Enable		Bit 3,Bit 2: Open		Bit 1, Bit 0: Lock	
	Status Dc	oor 2	Status Door 1		Status Door 1		Status Door 1	
	00 = Unk	ocked	00 = Disabled		00 = Closed		00 = Unlocked	
	01 = Lock	ked	01 = Enabled		01 = Open		01 = Locked	
	10 = Erro	r	10 = Error		10 = Error		10 = Error	
	11 = Not	available	11 = Not available		11 = Not available		11 = Not available	
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#59	Bit 7, Bit 6: Open		Bit 5, Bit 4: Lock		Bit 3, Bit 2: Enable		Bit 1, Bit 0: Open	
	Status Door 3		Status Door 3		Status Door 2		Status Door 2	
	00 = Closed		00 = Unlocked		00 = Disabled		00 = Closed	
	01 = Open		01 = Locked		01 = Enabled		01 = Open	
	10 = Error		10 = Error		10 = Error		10 = Error	
	11 = Not available		11 = Not available		11 = Not available		11 = Not available	
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#60	Bit 7, Bit	6: Enable	Bit 5, Bit 4: Open		Bit 3, Bit 2: Lock		Bit 1, Bit 0: Enable	
	Status Dc	oor 4	Status Door 4		Status Door 4		Status Door 3	
	00 = Disa	bled	00 = Closed		00 = Unlocked		00 = Disabled	
	01 = Enal	bled	01 = Open		01 = Locked		01 = Enabled	
	10 = Erro	r	10 = Error		10 = Error		10 = Error	
	11 = Not	available	11 = Not available		11 = Not available		11 = Not available	
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#61	Bit 7, Bit	6: Lock	Bit 5, Bit 4: Enable		Bit 3, Bit 2: Open		Bit 1, Bit 0: Lock	
	Status Dc	oor 6	Status Door 5		Status Door 5		Status Door 5	
	00 = Unk	ocked	00 = Disabled		00 = Closed		00 = Unlocked	
	01 = Lock	ked	01 = Enabled		01 = Open		01 = Locked	
	10 = Erro	r	10 = Error		10 = Error		10 = Error	
	11 = Not	available	11 = Not available		11 = Not available		11 = Not available	
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#62	Bit 7, Bit 6: Open		Bit 5, Bit 4: Lock		Bit 3, Bit 2: Enable		Bit1, Bit 0: Open	
	Status Door 7		Status Door 7		Status Door 6		Status Door 6	
	00 = Closed		00 = Unlocked		00 = Disabled		00 = Closed	
	01 = Open		01 = Locked		01 = Enabled		01 = Open	
	10 = Error		10 = Error		10 = Error		10 = Error	
	11 = Not available		11 = Not available		11 = Not available		11 = Not available	

	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#63	Bit 7, Bit 6: Enable Status Door 8 00 = Disabled 01 = Enabled 10 = Error 11 = Not available		Bit 5, Bit 4: Open Status Door 8 00 = Closed 01 = Open 10 = Error 11 = Not available		Bit 3, Bit 2: Lock Status Door 8 00 = Unlocked 01 = Locked 10 = Error 11 = Not available		Bit1, Bit 0: Enable Status Door 7 00 = Disabled 01 = Enabled 10 = Error 11 = Not available	
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#64	Bit 7, Bit 6: Lock Status Door 10 00 = Unlocked 01 = Locked 10 = Error 11 = Not available		Bit 5, Bit 4: Enable Status Door 9 00 = Disabled 01 = Enabled 10 = Error 11 = Not available		Bit 3, Bit 2: Open Status Door 9 00 = Closed 01 = Open 10 = Error 11 = Not available		Bit1, Bit 0: Lock Status Door 9 00 = Unlocked 01 = Locked 10 = Error 11 = Not available	
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#65	Bit 3, Bit 2: Enable Status Door 10 00 = Disabled 01 = Enabled 10 = Error 11 = Not available		Bit1, Bit 0 Status Do 00 = Clos 01 = Ope 10 = Erro 11 = Not): Open oor 10 oed n r available				
#66 #71	Time / Date: #66 : Second=data * 0.25 #67 : Minutes=data #68 : Hours=data #69 : Month=data #70 : Day=data * 0.25 #71 : Voar=data 1985 (1985 to 2235 years)							
	Alternate	or Status						
	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	BO
#72	Bit 7, Bit6: Alternator Status 4 00 = not charging 01 = charging 10 = error 11 = not available		Bit 5, Bit4: Alternator Status 3 00 = not charging 01 = charging 10 = error 11 = not available		Bit 3, Bit 2: Alternator Status 2 00 = not charging 01 = charging 10 = error 11 = not available		Bit 1, Bit 0: Alternator Status 1 00 = not charging 01 = charging 10 = error 11 = not available	



	Selected Gear = data -125negative gear are reverse gears
#73	00000000 = neutral
	11111011 = park
	Current Gear=data-125
#7 <i>1</i>	negative gear are reverse gears
#/4	0000000 = neutral
	11111011 = park
#75	Bellow Pressure Front Axle Left
#/J	Information of the pressure of the air suspension bellow at the left
 #76	side of the front axle
#70	Pressure= ((BPFAL2*256)+BPFAL1)* 0.1 ,KPA
#75	BPFAL1
#76	BPFAL2
#77	Bellow Pressure Front Axle Right
#//	Information of the pressure of the air suspension bellow at the left
 #78	side of the front axle
#70	Pressure= ((BPFAR2*256)+BPFAR1)* 0.1 ,KPA
#77	BPFAR1
#78	BPFAR2
#70	Bellow Pressure Rear Axle Left
#/5	Information of the pressure of the air suspension bellow at the left
 #80	side of the front axle
#00	Pressure= ((BPRAL2*256)+BPRAL1)* 0.1 ,KPA
#79	BPRAL1
#80	BPFAR2
	Bellow Pressure Rear Axle Right
#81	Information of the pressure of the air suspension bellow at the left
	side of the
#82	front axle
	Pressure= ((BPRAR2*256)+BPRAR1)* 0.1 ,KPA

#81	1 BPRAL1							
#82	BPFAR2							
#83	Driver's Identification (Driver 1 & Driver 2 identification)							
	#83	#84	#85	#86	#87	#88	#89	#90
#90	The drive	er ID is or	nly availa	able if a c	digital tac	hograph	n is prese	nt
#91	Engine F	uel Rate	(EFR). Ar	mount of	f fuel con	isumed b	by engine	e per
	liter of h	our.						
#92	EFR=(EFF	2*256+	EFR1)* C).05 , L/h				
	Data Rar	nge: 0 to	3,212.7	5 L/h				
#91	EFR1							
#92	EFR2							
#93	Engine Instantaneous Fuel Economy(EIFE). Current fuel economy at							
	current vehicle velocity.							
#94	EIFE=(EIFEZ^ZDD+EIFET)/DTZ, KM/L							
	EMS Toll Talo Status							
	#05		#07	#0.9	#00	#100	#101	#102
#95	#95	#90	#97	#98	#99	#100	#101	#102
 #102	The Tell Tale Status information is derived from information							
<i>π</i> 102	displayed to the							
	driver's dashboard.							
	BIT /,6,5,4: Ielitale Status 1							
	1000 = 011 1001 = Cond Rod							
#95	1001 = 0 1010 = 0	ond Ye	llow					
	1010 = 0	Cond. Inf	0					
	1100-11	10 = Res	served					
	11111 = r	1111 = not available						



#96	Bit 3,2,1,0: Telltale Status 2 1000 = off 1001 = Cond. Red 1010 = Cond. Yellow 1011 = Cond. Info 1100-1110 = Reserved 1111 = not available Bit 7,6,5,4: Telltale Status 3 1000 = off 1001 = Cond. Red 1010 = Cond. Red 1010 = Cond. Yellow 1011 = Cond. Info 1100-1110 = Reserved
	1111 = not available
#97	Bit 3,2,1,0: Telltale Status 4 1000 = off 1001 = Cond. Red 1010 = Cond. Yellow 1011 = Cond. Info 1100–1110 = Reserved 1111 = not available Bit 7,6,5,4: Telltale Status 5 1000 = off 1001 = Cond. Red 1010 = Cond. Red 1010 = Cond. Info 1100–1110 = Reserved 1111 = not available

	Bit 3,2,1,0: Telltale Status 6	
		1000 = off
		1001 = Cond. Red
		1010 = Cond. Yellow
		1011 = Cond. Info
		1100–1110 = Reserved
	#00	1111 = not available
	#98	Bit 7,6,5,4: Telltale Status 7
		1000 = off
		1001 = Cond. Red
		1010 = Cond. Yellow
		1011 = Cond. Info
		1100-1110 = Reserved
		1111 = not available
		Bit 3,2,1,0: Telltale Status 8
		1000 = off
		1001 = Cond. Red
		1010 = Cond. Yellow
		1011 = Cond. Info
		1100-1110 = Reserved
	#99	1111 = not available
	π))	Bit 7,6,5,4: Telltale Status 9
		1000 = off
		1001 = Cond. Red
		1010 = Cond. Yellow
		1011 = Cond. Info
		1100-1110 = Reserved
		1111 = not available



Bit 3.2.1.0: Telltale Status 10 1000 = off1001 = Cond Red1010 = Cond Yellow 1011 = Cond Info1100-1110 = Reserved1111 = not available#100 Bit 7,6,5,4: Telltale Status 11 1000 = off1001 = Cond Red1010 = Cond. Yellow 1011 = Cond Info1100-1110 = Reserved1111 = not availableBit 3,2,1,0: Telltale Status 12 1000 = off1001 = Cond Red1010 = Cond Yellow 1011 = Cond Info1100–1110 = Reserved 1111 = not available#101 Bit 7,6,5,4: Telltale Status 13 1000 = off1001 = Cond Red1010 = Cond Yellow 1011 = Cond Info1100-1110 = Reserved1111 = not available

Bit 3,2,1,0: Telltale Status 14 1000 = off 1001 = Cond. Red 1010 = Cond. Yellow 1011 = Cond. Info 1100–1110 = Reserved 1111 = not available Bit 7,6,5,4: Telltale Status 15 1000 = off 1001 = Cond. Red 1010 = Cond. Red 1010 = Cond. Yellow 1011 = Cond. Info 1100–1110 = Reserved 1111 = not available



J1708 Packaged Messages Protocol

	Once AT1708 SLEEP, it can wake it up. Start to send data by 3 packing, response HEX CODE						
5	Start to send data by 3 Packing 1: Byte 0: "@", 0x40; Byte 1: 4 Byte 2: #00 Byte 3: #01 Byte 4: #02 Byte 5: #03 Byte 6: #04 Byte 7: #05 Byte 8: #06 Byte 9: #07 Byte 10: #08 Byte 10: #08 Byte 11: #09 Byte 12: #10 Byte 13: #11 Byte 14: #12 Byte 15: #13 Byte 16: #14 Byte 17: #15 Byte 18: #16 Byte 19: #17 Byte 20: Check sum = Byte 21: 0X0D Byte 22: 0X0A	E packing, response HEX Packing 2: Byte 0: "@", 0x40; Byte 1: 5 Byte 2: #18 Byte 2: #18 Byte 3: #19 Byte 4: #20 Byte 4: #20 Byte 5: #21 Byte 6: #22 Byte 7: #23 Byte 6: #22 Byte 7: #23 Byte 8: #24 Byte 9: #25 Byte 10: #26 Byte 10: #26 Byte 11: #27 Byte 12: #28 Byte 13: #29 Byte 14: #30 Byte 14: #30 Byte 15: #31 Byte 16: #32 Byte 17: #33 Byte 18: #34 Byte 19: #35 Byte 20: Check sum Byte 21: 0X0D Byte 21: 0X0D	X CODE Packing 3: Byte 0: "@", 0x40; Byte 1: 6 Byte 2: #36 Byte 3: #37 Byte 4: #38 Byte 5: #39 Byte 6: #40 Byte 7: #41 Byte 8: #42 Byte 9: #43 Byte 10: #44 Byte 11: #45 Byte 12: #46 Byte 13: #47 Byte 14: #48 Byte 15: #49 Byte 16: #50 Byte 17: #51 Byte 18: #52 Byte 19: #53 Byte 20:Check sum = Byte 21: 0X0D Byte 21: 0X0D				
	,	,	,				

Packing 4	Packing 5 [.]	
Bvte 0: " @"	Bvte 0: " @"	
Bvte 1: 7	Bvte 1: 8	
Byte 2:a	Byte 2:a	
Byte 3:b	Byte 3:b	
Byte 4:c	Byte 4:c	
Byte 5:a	Byte 5:a	
Byte 6:b	Byte 6:b	
Byte 7:c	Byte 7:c	
Byte 8:a	Byte 8:a	
Byte 9:b	Byte 9:b	
Byte 10:c	Byte 10:c	
Byte 11:a	Byte 11:a	
Byte 12:b	Byte 12:b	
Byte 13:c	Byte 13:c	
Byte 14:a	Byte 14:a	
Byte 15:b	Byte 15:b	
Byte 16:c	Byte 16:c	
Byte 17: Check sum	Byte 17: Check sum	
= Byte2 ++Byte 21	= Byte2 ++Byte 21	
Byte 18: 0X0D	Byte 18: 0X0D	
Byte 19: 0X0A	Byte 19: 0X0A	

b — SID or PID of a standard diagnostic code.

C — Diagnostic code character.

Bits 4-1: Failure mode identifier (FMI)

NOTE : The #00~#52 command respond that data are ASCII code.



#00	Road Speed—Indicated vehicle velocity				
	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 205.2 km/h (0.0 to 127.5 mph)		#04		
#01	speed=(SHB*256+SLB)/256		#04		
#00	Speed Low Byte (SLB)				
#01	Speed High Byte (SHB)				
	Cruise Control Status—State of the vehicle velocity control system		#05		
	(active, not active), and system switch (on, off), for various system		1 #08		
	operating modes.		1100		
	Bit 8: cruise mode 1=active/0=not active		#05		
	Bit 7: clutch switch 1=on/0=off		#06		
#02	Bit 6: brake switch 1=on/0=off		#07		
	Bit 5: accel switch 1=on/0=off		#08		
	Bit 4: resume switch 1=on/0=off				
	Bit 3: coast switch 1=on/0=off				
	Bit 2: set switch 1=on/0=off	#09			
	Bit 1: cruise control switch 1=on/0=off				
	Brake Stroke Status—Identifies the current state of the vehicle		#10		
	foundation brakes.				
	Bit 8-5: Axle number 1 to 16 (represented as 0 to 15)		#11		
	Bit 4-2: Brake status/Stroke adjustment		#10		
	000 = OK		#11		
	001 = Out of adjustment				
#03	010 = Delay brake return				
	011 = Brake pads worn		#12		
	100 = Delayed brake application				
	101 = Reserved				
	110 = Error				
	111 = Not available		#1२		
	Bit 1: 1 = Left wheel, 0 = Right wheel		115		

	Percent Accelerator Pedal Position(PAPP)—Ratio of actual
1101	accelerator pedal position to maximum pedal position.
#04	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 102.0%
	PAPP= Data* 0.4
<i>щ</i> ог	Total Fuel Used (Natural Gas)—Accumulated amount of fuel used
#05	during vehicle operation.
	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 2 147 483 648 kg (0.0 to 4 724 464 025 lb)
#08	TFU=((ETF4*256*256*256)+(ETF3*256*256)+(ETF2*256)+ETF1)*0.473
#05	Engine Total Fuel used 0473 L / Bit gain , ETF1
#06	Engine Total Fuel used 0,473 L / Bit gain , ETF2
#07	Engine Total Fuel used 0,473 L / Bit gain , ETF3
#08	Engine Total Fuel used 0,473 L / Bit gain , ETF4
	Fuel Level—Ratio of volume of fuel to the total volume of the
#00	primary fuel storage container.
#09	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 127.5%
	Fuel Level=FL * 0.5 %
#10	Engine Speed (RPM)—Rotational velocity of crankshaft.
	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 16383.75 rpm
#11	RPM= (RH*256+ RL)* 0.25
#10	RPM Low byte, RL
#11	RPM High byte, RH
	Engine Oil Pressure(EOP)—Gage pressure of oil in engine
#12	lubrication system as provided by oil pump.
<i>π</i> ι <i>∠</i>	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 879.0 kPa (0.0 to 127.5 lbf/in2)
	EOP=data * 3.45 KPA
	Throttle Position(TP)—The position of the valve used to regulate the
	supply of a fluid, usually air or fuel/air mixture, to an engine. 0%
#13	represents no supply and 100% is full supply.
	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 102.0%
	TP= data * 0.4%



	Cargo Weight—The force of gravity of freight carried.
#14	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 1 166 056.9 N (0.0 to 262 140.0 lbf)
	(Low Byte),AWL
#15	(High Byte), AWH
	Weight=(AWH*256+AWL)* 17.792 N
	Total Engine Hours(TEH)—Accumulated time of operation of
#16	engine.
1110	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 214 748 364.8 h
	TEH=((EH4*256*256*256)+(EH3*256*256)+(EH2*256)+EH1)*0.05
#16	Engine total hours of Operation, EH1
#17	Engine total hours of Operation, EH2
#18	Engine total hours of Operation, EH3
#19	Engine total hours of Operation, EH4
#20	
	Vehicle Identification Number—Vehicle Identification Number (VIN)
#27	as assigned by the vehicle manufacturer.
#85	Vehicle identification number, aabbccddeeffgghh
	"ATI" command can show max 20 character VIN
#96	
#20	aa
#21	bb
#22	СС
#23	dd
#24	ee
#25	ff
#26	gg
#27	hh

	PTO Engagement Control Status						
	PTO output status:						
	Bits 8-5: Reserved—all bits set to 1						
	Bits 4-3: PTO #2 engagement actuator status						
	Bits 2-1: PTO #1 engagement actuator status						
#28	NOTE—Each status will be described using the following						
	nomenclature:						
	00 Off/Not active						
	01 On/Active						
	10 Error condition						
	11 Not available						
#29	Average Fuel Economy						
	AFE=((AFE2*256)+AFE1) *1.660 72 x 10-3 km/L						
#30							
#29	AFE1						
#30	AFE2						
#31	Mass Air Flow—Mass air flow measured at the fresh air intake						
	MAE = ((MAE2*256) + ME1)* 0.125 kg/min						
#32							
#31	MAF1						
#32	MAF2						
	Total Vehicle Distance(TVD)—Accumulated distance travelled by						
	vehicle during its operation.						
#33	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 691489743 km (0.0 to 429 496 729.5 mi)						
	Bit Resolution: 0.161 km (0.1 mi)						
 #36	TVD=((D4*256*256*256)+(D3*256*256)+(D2*256)+D1)*0.161 (KM)						
"50	If vehicle dose not provide TVD, AT1708 replace the information						
	with the calculated distance, deviation is 0.5%, The first time						
	connection AT1708 please command ATR to clear distance memory.						



#33	D1
#34	D2
#35	D3
#36	D4
#37	Fuel Rate (Instantaneous)—Amount of fuel consumed by engine per unit of time.
#38	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 1.076 65 L/s FR=(V2*256+V1) * 16.428 x 106 L/s
#37	V1
#38	V2
#39	Total Vehicle Hours(TVH)—Accumulated time of operation of vehicle.
40	Maximum Range: 0.0 to 214 748 364.8 h TVH=((H4*256*256*256)+(H3*256*256)+(H2*256)+H1)*0.05 (H)
#39	H1
#40	H2
#41	НЗ
#42	H4
#43	Reserved
#44	Percent Engine Load(PEL)—Ratio of current output torque to maximum torque available at the current engine speed. Maximum Range: 0.0 to 127.5% PEL=data * 0.5%
#45	Engine Coolant Temperature(ECT) , Maximum Range: 0.0 to 255.0 °F ECT= data °F
#46	Boost Pressure (BP)—Gage pressure of air measured downstream on the compressor discharge side of the turbocharger. Maximum Range: 0.0 to 219.8 kPa (0.0 to 31.875 lbf/in2) PB=data * 0.862 (KPA)

#47	Intake Manifold Temperature (IMT)—Temperature of precombustion air found in intake manifold of engine air supply system. Maximum Range: 0.0 to 255.0 °F IMT=data °F
#48	ABS Control Status Bits 8-7: ABS off-road function switch Bits 6-5: ABS retarder control Bits 4-3: ABS brake control Bits 2-1: ABS warning lamp 00 Off/Not active 01 On/Active 10 Error condition 11 Not available
#49	Parking Brake Switch Status—Identifies the state (active/inactive) of the parking brake switch. Bit 8: 1=active/0=inactive Bits 7-1: Undefined
#50	Brake Application Pressure (BAP) Maximum Range: 0.0 to 1055 kPa (0.0 to 153.0 lbf/in2) BAP=data *4.14 kPa
#51	Brake Primary Pressure (BPP)—Gage pressure of air in the primary, or supply side, of the air brake system. Maximum Range: 0.0 to 1055 kPa (0.0 to 153.0 lbf/in2) BPP=data* 4.14 (KPA)
#52	Brake Secondary Pressure—Gage pressure of air in the secondary, or service side, of the air brake system. Maximum Range: 0.0 to 1055 kPa (0.0 to 153.0 lbf/in2) BPP=data* 4.14 (KPA)
#53	Road Speed Limit Status :State (active or not active) of the system used to limit maximum vehicle velocity. Bit 8: 1=active/0=not active Bits 7-1: Undefined



J1708 Command Example

1.) >AT#h, Response: "Data1" "Data2" "H0D" "H3E" by ASCII CODE. EX1: AT#1, to get vehicle speed, if speed is 255, Display, FF > (H46,H46, H0D,H3E).
2.) Trouble code : 40 37 80 8 CA 80 A AA 80 B AA 80 C AA 80 1 AA FC D A Trouble code : MID 128(H80)

PID 8(H8)

Diagnostic code character (CA), FMI= A , bit4~bit1

4.) ATI : request vehicle ID,

2A	31	47	31	4A	46	32	37	57	37	47	4A	31	37	38	32	32	37	0	0	0	27	0D	0A
	1	G	1	G	F	2	7	W	8	G	J	1	7	8	2	2	7				CS		

		·
Country Manufactured	1	U.S.A.(1 or 4), Canada (2), Mexico (3), Japan (J), Korea (K), England (S), Germany (W), Italy (Z)
Manufacturer	G	
Vehicle Type	1	
Vehicle Features	JF27W	
Accuracy Check Digit	8	
Model Year	G	1988 (J), 1989 (K), 1990 (L), 1991 (M), 1992 (N), 1993 (P), 1994 (R), 1995 (S), 1996 (T), 199 7(V), 1998 (W), 1999 (X), 2000 (Y), 2001(1), 2002 (2), 2003 (3)
Production Plant	J	
Sequential Number	178227	The sequence of the vehicle for production as it rolled of the manufacturers assembly line.



Appendix G: Power Consumption

OS: Windows 7

Burn-in Software: Version 6.0

Device: Hitachi SATA2 5400rpm HDD 160G, MSTM Plus SATA3 SSD 64G, C-Fast 16G, Apacer SATA2, CM8000 (WWAN), Gobi2000 (WWAN), QCOM 802XKN5F (WLAN/BT), Summit PE15N (WLAN), DGM-U2525T with Ublox UBX-G6010 (GPS), CAN Module VIOX-CAN01 and BT QBTM400

VTC 7200

Burn-in Mode	S3	S4	S5
2.88A/12V	165mA/12V	9mA/12V	9mA/12V
34.56W	1.98W	0.108W	0.108W

VTC 7210

Burn-in Mode	\$3	S4	S5
2.94A/12V	169mA/12V	10mA/12V	10mA/12V
35.28W	2.028W	0.12W	0.12W

VTC 7220

Burn-in Mode	S3	S4	S5
3.08A/12V	175mA/12V	12mA/12V	12mA/12V
36.96W	2.1W	0.144W	0.144W

VTC 7230

Burn-in Mode	S3	S 4	S5
3.02A/12V	171mA/12V	12mA/12V	12mA/12V
36.24W	2.05W	0.144W	0.144W

VTC 7240

Burn-in Mode	\$3	S4	S5		
3.10A/12V	178mA/12V	12mA/12V	12mA/12V		
37.2W	2.13W	0.144W	0.144W		